GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4937

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 01ST APRIL, 2025/ CHAITRA 11, 1947 (SAKA)

NATIONAL DISASTER MITIGATION FUND

4937. SHRI PUTTA MAHESH KUMAR:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the types of disaster-preventive and mitigation works which can be undertaken under the National Disaster Mitigation Fund (NDMF), along with the criteria for selecting such projects;
- (b) the details of projects and works implemented under the NDMF in the last five years, State-wise and district-wise particularly in Andhra Pradesh;
- (c) the amount of funds allocated, released, and utilized under the NDMF in the last five years, State-wise and district-wise particularly in Andhra Pradesh;
- (d) whether the Government has conducted any impact assessment of NDMF-funded projects in terms of disaster risk reduction and community resilience, if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) whether the Government is collaborating with international agencies/scientific institutions/private sector stakeholders for disaster mitigation plans/projects, if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI NITYANAND RAI)

(a) to (d): The fifteenth Finance Commission (XV-FC) had made provisions for National Disaster Mitigation Fund (NDMF) and had allocated

Rs. 13,693 crore for the award period upto 2025-26. The Central Government has framed the guidelines for constitution and administration of NDMF on 28.02.2022. The guidelines give the criteria for mitigation projects to be undertaken under NDMF. As per the provisions of the guidelines, NDMF is exclusively for the purpose of mitigation projects in respect of disasters covered in National Disaster Response Fund guidelines dated 12.01.2022. In addition, mitigation measures for Heatwave and lightening can also be taken up from NDMF. Mitigation works can be both structural and non-structural. These guidelines of NDMF and NDRF are available at the website www.ndmindia.mha.gov.in.

The Central Government has taken several initiatives to ensure effective mitigation measures in the country to prevent any extensive loss of life and property during disasters by strengthening the disaster risk reduction system in India. Following mitigation projects for assistance under NDMF have been approved:-

(i) Urban Flood Risk Mitigation Projects in seven (07) cities viz.

Ahmedabad, Bengaluru, Chennai, Hyderabad, Kolkata, Mumbai and

Pune at a total financial outlay of Rs. 3075.65 crore. Central Share

from NDMF is Rs 2482.62 Crore and so far, an amount of Rs. 709.54

Crore is released to these cities.

- (ii) National GLOF Risk Management Programme with a total financial outlay of Rs. 150 crore for its implementation in four (04) States viz. Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim and Uttarakhand. Central Share from NDMF is Rs. 135 Crore and so far, an amount of Rs. 10.18 Crore is released.
- (iii) The National Landslide Risk Mitigation project with a total financial outlay of Rs. 1000 crore for its implementation in fifteen (15) States. The Central Share from NDMF is Rs. 900 Crore. These 15 States are Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Himachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, Tripura, Uttarakhand, Karnataka, Kerala, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal.
- (iv) Catalytic assistance for twelve (12) drought prone States at a total financial outlay of Rs. 2022.16 crore, out of which, Central share from NDMF is Rs. 1200 crore. These 12 states are Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Telangana and Uttar Pradesh.
- (v) The Mitigation Project on Lightning Safety at a total financial outlay of Rs. 186.78 crore for ten (10) States viz. Andhra Pradesh, Bihar,

Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. Central Share from NDMF for Lightning Safety is Rs. 121.14 Crore.

(vi) The Mitigation Scheme for Forest Fire Risk Management for its implementation in 144 high-priority districts in nineteen (19) States at a total financial outlay of Rs. 818.92 crore, under which central share from NDMF & NDRF is Rs. 690.63 Crore. The states identified for the scheme are Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Kerala, Manipur, Maharashtra, Mizoram, Madhya Pradesh, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Odisha, Tamil Nadu, Telangana and Uttarakhand.

State-wise details of amount of fund allocated and released under the NDMF including in Andhra Pradesh is at Annexure.

The guidelines for constitution and administration of NDMF also provides for a framework mechanism based on achieving the Sendai Framework indicators, which may include reducing mortality, supporting community recovery and resilience and improving disaster assistance.

(e) India plays an active role in global initiatives on disaster management. India is one of the participating countries and works closely with the United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNDRR). India is a signatory to the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR) and is committed to achieve the priorities and the objectives through systematic and institutional efforts.

Accordingly, in the National Disaster Management Plan (NDMP), the priorities of the Sendai Framework have been integrated into the planning framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) under the Thematic Areas for DRR, viz., understanding disaster risk, strengthening disaster risk governance, investing in DRR and enhancing disaster preparedness for effective response.

India is taking a leading role in strengthening regional cooperation among South Asian countries for reducing disasters.

The Prime Minister has enunciated ten-point agenda on Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) during the Asian Ministerial Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction (AMCDRR) held in New Delhi in November 2016. The all-inclusive agenda includes the following:-

"Bring about greater cohesion in international response to disasters."

India has been working closely with many countries for the exchange of ideas and expertise in disaster management.

September, 2019, the Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure (CDRI) was launched by Prime Minister at the United Nations Climate Action Summit, in New York. CDRI is a multi-stakeholder partnership of national governments, UN agencies and programs, multilateral development banks and financing mechanisms, the private sector, and knowledge institutions that aims to promote the resilience of infrastructure systems to climate and disaster risks, thereby ensuring sustainable development. So far, 43 countries and 7 other organizations have endorsed its charter and joined as Members. CDRI is presently supporting 13 Small Island Developing Countries in making their infrastructure systems disaster resilient. In addition, CDRI is working on integrating disaster resilience in specific development sectors such as **Power and Telecommunications.**

Government has advanced regional cooperation on disaster risk management through active engagement under multiple regional organizations, such as Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO), Bay of

Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical & Economic Cooperation (BIMSTEC) and Indian Ocean Rim Association (IORA). Through these organizations, Government has conducted joint exercises as well as facilitated sharing of good practices in disaster management.

The Government of India has signed bilateral / multilateral Agreement / Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with several countries for cooperation in the field of disaster management like Swiss Confederation, Russian Federation, Germany, Japan, Tajikistan, Mongolia, Italy, Bangladesh, Turkmenistan, Maldives and Uzbekistan. Government of India has a partnership with various International and Regional Organization/Agencies in the field of Disaster Management such as the Global Platform for Disaster Risk Reduction (GPDRR), Asia-Pacific **Conference on Disaster** Risk Reduction (APMCDRR), International Search and Rescue Advisory Group (INSARAG), SAARC Disaster Management Centre - Interim Unit (SDMC-IU), Asian Disaster Reduction Centre (ADRC), Asian Disaster Preparedness Centre (ADPC) etc.

Effective national and international response to disasters was discussed during the deliberations of Disaster Risk Reduction Working Group established under India's G20 presidency.

The Government has been providing Humanitarian Assistance and Disaster Relief Support to disaster hit countries. Under the spirit of 'Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam', Government of India had extended immediate help to Turkiye and Syria, hit by massive earthquake in February, 2023, by dispatching NDRF and medical teams along with relief materials.

ANNEXURE L.S.US.Q.NO. 4937 FOR 01.04.2025

Allocation and Release of Funds from National Disaster Mitigation Fund (NDMF) (as on 27.03.2025).

(Rs.in crores)

Approved Projects under NDMF States	Urban Flood Risk Management Programme (6 States) Total Approved Outlay; 3075.65		National Glacial Lake Outburst Floods Risk Mitigation Programme (4 States) Total Approved Outlay: 150.00 Approv Rele		National Landslide Risk Management Programme (15 States) Total Approved Outlay: 1000.00		Forest Fire Management (19 States) Total Approved Outlay: 818.92		Catalytic assistance to 12 most drought prone states Total Approved Outlay: 2022.16		Mitigation Project on Lightning Safety in India (10 States) Total Approved Outlay: 186.78	
	allocation from NDMF		ed allocat ion from NDMF	ase	d Allocati on from NDMF	ase	allocatio n from NDMF	se	d allocati on from NDMF	se	allocation from NDMF	se
Andhra							18.48	-	100.00	-	9.69	-
Pradesh												
Arunachal			40.50	1.83	45.00	-	14.51	-				
Pradesh		1	1					ļ			-	1
Assam					60.00	-	29.77	-				
Bihar									100.00	-	16.97	-
Chhattisgarh							70.04	-			12.11	
Goa												
Gujarat	243.90	73.17					8.65	-	100.00	-		
Haryana												
Himachal			31.50	-	125.00	-	8.16	-				
Pradesh												
Jharkhand							24.39	-	100.00	-	12.11	-
Karnataka	238.72	71.62			65.00	-	33.56	-	100.00	-		
Kerala					65.00	-	15.70	-	100.00		10.00	
Madhya Pradesh							98.67	-	100.00	-	16.96	-
Maharashtra	750.00	225.00			90.00	-	53.60	-	100.00	-	12.11	
Manipur	7 30.00	223.00			45.00	-	27.51	-	100.00	-	12.11	+
Meghalaya	 				45.00	-	13.78	-			4.85	.
Mizoram	 				45.00	1	30.59	-			7.00	+
Nagaland					45.00	1	23.19	-				
Odisha					70.00	-	63.08	-	100.00	-	12.11	-
Punjab							33.03	-	.00.00	-	12	-
Rajasthan	1	1			1			<u> </u>	100.00	-	1	1
Sikkim			36.00	8.35	45.00	-	1					
Tamil Nadu	500.00	114.75		0.00	45.00	-	10.53	-	100.00	-	1	1
Telangana	250.00	75.00			10.00		27.02	-	100.00	-		
Tripura		1 5.55			10.00	-			100.00			
Uttar Pradesh					1		1		100.00	-	16.96	-
Uttarakhand	1	1	27.00	-	125.00	-	16.73	-			1	1
West Bengal	500.00	150.00			45.00	-		t			7.27	
Total	2482.62	709.54	135.00	10.18	900.00	-	587.95	-	1200.00	-	121.14	-