

THE BOMBAY REORGANISATION ACT, 1960

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No. 11 OF 1960

[25th April, 1960]

An Act to provide for the reorganisation of the State of Bombay and for matters connected therewith.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Eleventh Year of the Republic of India as

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Bombay Reorganisation Act, 1960. Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "appointed day" means the 1st day of May, 1960;

(c) "article" means an article of the Constitution;

(e) "notified order" means an order published in the Official "parliamentary constituency" have the sume meanings as in the Representation of the People Act, 1950;

(d) "law" includes any enactment, ordinance, regulation, order, bye-law, rule, scheme, notification or other instrument having, immediately before the appointed day, the force of law in the whole or in any part of the State of Bombay;

(e) "notified order" means an order published in the Official Gazette;

(f) "population ratio", in relation to the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat, means the ratio of 66.31 to 33.69;

226 M. of Law.

43 of 1950.

(b)

(g) "sitting member", in relation to either House of Parliament or of the Legislature of the State of Bombay, means a person who, immediately before the appointed day, is a member of that House;

(h) "transferred territory" means the territories which, as from the appointed day, are the territories of the State of Gujarat;

(i) "treasury" includes a sub-treasury;

(j) any reference to a district, taluka, village or other territorial division of the State of Bombay shall be construed as a reference to the area comprised within that territorial division as recognised for land revenue ptrposes on the 1st day of December, 1959.

PART II

REORGANISATION OF BOMBAY STATE

Formation of Gujarat • S

3. (I) As from the appointed day, there shall be formed a new State to be known as the State of Gujarat comprising the following territories of the State of Bombay, namely:—

(a) Banaskantha, Mehsana, Sabarkantha, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch-mahals, Baroda, Broach, Surat, Pangs, Amreli, Surendra-nagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar, Junagadh, Bhavnagar and Kutch districts; and

(b) the villages in Umbergaon taluka of Thana district, the villages in Nawapur and Nandurbar talukas of West Khandesh district and the villages in Akitalkuwa and Taloda talukas of West Khandesh district, respectively specified in Parts I, II and III of the First Schedule;

and thereupon, the said territories shall cease to form part of theState of Bombay, and the residuary State of Bombay shall be known as the State of Maharashtra.

(2) The villages in Umbergaon taluka specified in Part I of the First Schedule shall form a separate taluka of the same name and be included in Surat district, and the remaining villages in the said taluka shall be included in, and form part of, Dahanu taluka of Thana district; and the villages specified in Parts II and III of the First Schedule shall respectively be included in, and form part of, Songadh taluka of Surat district and Sagbara taluka of Broach district.

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or 1960] Bombay Reorganisation -. 3 4. As from the appointed day, in the First Schedule to the ConSti-Amendment rution, under the heading "1. THE STATES",— of the first Schedule to

(a) for entry 4, the following entry shall be

namely:—

"4. Gujarat	The territories referred to in sub-
·	section (1) of section 3 of the Bom- bay Reorganisation Act, 1960.";
	,

(b) after entry 7, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"3. Maharashtra "3. Maharashtra The territories specified in subsection (1) of section 8 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956, but excluding the territories referred to in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Bombay Reorganisation Act, 1960."; and

(c) entries 8 to 14 shall be renumbered as entries 9 to 15 respectively.

5. Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this Part shall be deemed Saving E_{t0} , where r_{0} , r_{1} to affect the power of the State Government to alter, after the appointed day, the name, extent or boundaries of any district, taluka ernment. or villuge in the State.

PART III

REPRESENTATION IN THE LEGISLATURES

The Council of ,States

6. As from the appointed day, there shall be allotted 19 seats to Andfindment ⁹Fthe State of Maharashtra, and 11 seats to the State of Gujarat, in the oughSche

<u>Council of States</u>, and in the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution, in Consorteitu-

(a) for entry 4, the following entry shall be substituted,

namely:—

"4. Gujarat .. 11";

(b) after entry 7, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"8. Maharashtra 19;"

(C) entries 8 to 18 shall be renumbered as entries 9 to 19 respectively; and

(d) for the figures "221" the figures "224" shall be substituted.

Allocation of 7. (1) The twelve sitting members of the Council of States represitting senting the State of Bombay, whose names are specified in Part I of members. the Second Schedule, and such six of the nine sitting members elected to represent that State at the biennial elections held for the purpose of filling the vacancies existing on the 3rd day of April, 1960, as the Chairman of the Council of States shall by order specify shall, as from the appointed day, be deemed to have been duly elected to fill eighteen of the nineteen seats allotted to the State of Maharashtra.

> (2) The five sitting members of the Council of States representing the State of Bombay, whose names are specified in Part II of the Second Schedule, and the remaining three of the nine members elected at the said biennial elections shall, as from the appointed day, be deemed to have been duly elected to fill eight of the eleven seats allotted to the State of Gujarat.

 $By_{e_elections}$ 8. As soon as may be after the appointed day, by e-elections shall to fill "cam- be held to fill the edditional seats allotted to the States of Maha

rashtra and Gujarat as well as the existing casual vacancy in the seats allotted to the State of Gujarat.

Term of office.

9. (/) The term of office of the sitting members and of the member chosen to fill the casual vacancy shall remain unaltered.

(2) The term of office of the member elected to fill the one additional seat llotted to the State of MaharaShtra shall expire on the 2nd day of April, 1966.

(3) Out of the two members elected to fill the two additional seats allotted to the State of Gujarat, the term of office of that member who, at the counting of votes, is last declared elected, or if an equality of votes is found to exist, the term of office of such one of them as the returning officer shall decide 'by lot, shall expire on the 2nd dtay of April, 1964 and the term of office of the other member -shall expire op the 2nd day of April, 1966.

The House of the People

10. As from the appointed day, there shall be allotted 44 seats to the State of Maharashtra, and 22 seats to the State of Gujarat, in the House of the People, and in the First Schedule to the Representation of the People Act, 1950—

(a) for entry 4, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"4. Gujarat

22";

Representa. don in the House of the People.

43 of 1950.

namely:— "8. Maharashtra 44"; and (c) entries 3 to 22 shall be renumbered as entries 9 to 23 respectively.

11. As from the appointed day, the First Schedule to the Delimita- Delimitation ton of Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies Order, 1956, shall mentary stand amended as directed in the Third Schedule to this Act.

12. Every sitting member of the House of the People representing a constituency which, on the appointed day, by virtue of the to provisions of section 11, stands allotted, with or without alteration of boundaries, to the State of Maharashtra or to the State of Gujarat, shall be deemed to have been elected to the House of the People by that constituency as so allotted.

The Legislative Assemblies

13. As from the appointed day, the total number of seats to be strength at filled by persons chosen by direct election in the Legislative Assem- Legislative blies of Maharashtra and Gujarat shall be 264 and 132 respectively, Assemblies, and in the Second Schedule to the Representation of the People Act,

43 of 1950- 1950-

(a) for entry 4, the following entry shall be substituted,

namely:—

4. Gujarat 132";

(b) after entry 7, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:----

"3. Maharashtra .. 264"; and

(c) entries 8 to 13 shall be renumbered as entries 9 to 14 respectively.

14, As from the appointed day, the Second Schedule to.the Delimi- Delimitation tation of Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies Order, 1956, of assembly shall stand amended as directed in the Fourth Schedule to this Act. eies,

15. (1) Every sitting member of the Legislative Assembly of Born- Allocation of bay representing a constituency which on the eppointed day by members. virtue of the provisions of section 14 stands transferred, whether with or without alteration of boundaries, to the State of Gujarat shall, as from that day, cease to be a member of the Legislative Assembly of Bombay and shall be deemed to have been elected to the Legislative Assembly of Gujarat by that constituency as so transferred.

(2) All other sitting members of the Legislative Assembly of Bombay shall become members of the Legislative Assembly of

Maharashtra and lany such sitting member representing a constituency the extent or the name and extent of which are altered by virtue of the provisions of section 14 shall be deemed to have been elected to the Legislative Assembly of Maharashtra by that constituency as so altered.

(3) The sitting member of the Legislative Assembly of Bombay nominated to that Assembly under article 333 to represent the Anglo-Indian community <u>shall</u> be deemed to have been nominated to represent the said community in the Legislative Assembly of Maharashtra under that cuticle.

Duration of 16. The period of five years referred to in clause (1) of article 172 Legislative of the Constitution shall, in the case. of the Legislative Assembly

of Maharashtra or Gujarat, be deemed to have commenced on the date on which it actually commenced in the case of the Legislative Assembly of Bombay.

Speakers and _____-(1) The persons who immediately before the appointed day Speakers. are r_the_Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Bombay - shall be the Speaker and Deputy Speaker respectively of the Legislative Assembly of Maharashtra.

(2) As soon as may be after the appointed day, the Legislative Assembly of Gujarat shall choose two members of that Assembly to be respectively Speaker and Deputy Speaker thereof and. until they are so chosen, the duties of the office of Speaker <u>shall</u> be performed by such member of the Assembly as the Governor may appoint for the purpose.

Rules of procedure.

18. The rules as to procedure and conduct of business in force immediately before the appointed day with respect to the Legislative Assembly of Bombay shall, until rules are made under clause (1) of article 208, have effect in relation to the Legislative Assembly of Maharashtra or of Gujarat, subject to such modifications and adaptations as may be made therein by the Speaker thereof.

Special prorelation to of Gujarat to be filled by persons chosen by direct election on the Gujarat Le- expiration of the duration of that Assembly under section 16 or on gislative As-

sembly.

its dissolution shall be increased from 132 to 154; and accordingly, as from the date of such expiration or dissolution, in the Second

Schedule to the Representation of the People Act, 1950, in entry 4, $^{43 \text{ of } 1950'}$ for the figures "132", the figures "154" shall be substituted.

(2) For the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of sub-. section (/), the Election Commission shall determine in the manner

(a) the number of seats to be reserved for the scheduled castes and the scheduled tribes of the State in the Legislative

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Assembly, having regard to the relevant provisions of the Constitution;

(b) the assembly constituencies into which the State shall be divided, the extent of, and the number of seats to be allotted to, each such constituency, and the number of seats, if any, to be reserved for the scheduled castes or the scheduled tribes of the State in each such constituency; and

(c) the adjustments in the boundaries and description of the extent of the parliamentary constituencies in the State that may be necessary or expedient.

(3) In determining the matters referred to in clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (2), the Election Commission shall have regard to the provisions contained in clauses (a) to (e) of sub-section (2) Siof 1952. of section 8 of the Delimitation Commission Act, 1952.

(4) For the purpose of assisting the Election Commission in the performance of its functions under sub-section (2), the Commission shall associate with itself such five persons as the Central Government shall by order specify, being persons who are members either of the Legislative Assembly of the State or of the House of the People representing the State:

. Provided that none of the said associate members shall have a right to vote or to sign any decision of the Election Commission.

(5) The Election Commission shall—

(a) publish its proposals in regard to matters mentioned in sub-section (2) in the Official Gazette of the State together with a notice specifying the date on or after which the proposals will be further considered by it;

(b) consider all objections and suggestions which may have been received by it before the date so specified, arid for the purpose of such consideration, bold one or more public sittings at such place or places as it thinks fit;

(c) make an order revising to such extent as may be necessary or expedient the Schedules to the Delimitation of Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies Order, 1956, in so far as they relate to the State; and

(d) send authenticated copies of the order to the Central Government and to the State Government.

(6) As soon as may be after the said order is received by the Central Government or the State Government, it shall be laid before the House of the People or, as the case may be, the Legislative Assembly of the State.

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(7) An order made by the Election Commission under this section shall have the full force of law and shall not be called in question in any court.

The Legislative Council

Amendment of article 168 titution.

20. As from the appointed day, in article 168 of the Constitution, of the Cons- in sub-clause (a) of clause (1), the word "Bombay" shall be omitted, and after the word "Madras", the word "Maharashtra" shall be inserted.

Legislative 21. As from the appointed day, there shall be 78 seats in the Council of Maharashtra, and in the Third Schedule to 43 f the Representation of the People Act, 1950,-

> (a) the entry No. 3 relating to Bombay shall be omitted and the existing entries 4 and 5 shall be renumbered as entries 3 and 4 respectively:

(b) after the entry relating to Madras, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:-

"5. Maharashtra... 78 22 7 7 30 12."

Council con-22. As from the appointed day, the Delimitation of Council stituencies. Constituencies (Bombay) Order, 1951- shall stand amended as

Provision as to certain sitting members.

23. (1) On the appointed day-

(a) the sitting members of the Legislative Council of Bombay specified in the Sixth Schedule shall cease to be members of that Council: and.

(h) all other sitting members of that Council shall become members of the Legislative Council of Maharashtra and any such sitting member representing a council constituency the extent of which is altered by virtue of the provisions of section 22 shall be deemed to have been elected to the Legislative Council of Maharashtra by that constituency as so altered.

(2) The term of office of the members referred to in clause (h) of subsection (1) shall remain unaltered.

Special pro-vision as to biennial elections.

24. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 16 of

the Representation of the People Act, 1951, no notification under 43 of 1951. that section shall be published before the appointed day for holding biennial elections to fill the seats of members of the Legislative Council of Bombay, retiring on the expiration of their term of office on the 24th day of April, 1960.

(2) The term of office of the members of the said Council elected to fill the vacancies at the said biennial elections shall expire on the 24th day of April, 1966,

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n 1950. or 1060] Bombay Reorganisation

25. (1) The person who immediately before the appointed day is Chairman and Deputy the Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council of Bombay shall Chairman. be the Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council of Mkaharashtra.

(2) As soon as may be after the completion of the biennial elections referred to in section 24, the Legislative Council of Maharashtra shall choose one of its members to be the Chairman thereof.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

26. As from the appointed day, the Castes) Order, 1950, shall stand amended Schedule.

Constitution (Scheduled _oA_fm_{th}en_edin_{sch}en_ee as directed in the Seventh duicd Castes Order.

Constitution (Scheduled Ainendsmit as 27. As from the appointed day, the Tribes) Order, 1950, shall stand amended directed in the Eighth d^ool^te^hd^e Tribe; Schedule

Order[.]

PARTIV

HIGH COURTS

28, ID As from the appointed day, there shall be a separate High Court High Court for the State of Gujarat (hereinafter referred to as "the for Gujarat. High Court of Gujarat") and the High Court of Bombay shall become the High Court for the State of Maharashtra (hereinafter referred to as the High Court at Bombay).

(2) The principal seat of the High Court of Gujarat shall be at such place as the President may, by notified order, appoint.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2), the Judges and division courts of the High Court of Gujarat may sit at such other place or places in the State of Gujarat other than its principal seat as the Chief Justice may, with the approval of the Governor of Gujarat, appoint.

29. (1) Such of the Judges of the High Court of Bombay holding Judges of office immediately before the appointed day as may be determined / ^G_{it}lgt^r_ig_{olut.} by the President shall on that day cease to be Judges of the High Court at Bombay and become Judges of the High Court of Gujarat.

(2) The persons who by virtue of sub-section (1) become Judges of the High Court of Gujarat shall, except in the case where any such person is appointed to be the Chief Justice of that High Court, rank in that Court according to the priority of their respective appointments as Judges of the High Court me Bombay.

30 The High Court of Guiarat shall have in respect of any part Iurisdiction territories included in the State of Guiarat, all such quantum and an articles and the grant of Guiarat of Guiarat and the grant of Guiarat of Guiarat and the grant of the state of Guiarat and t of the territories included in the State of Gujarat, all such t F

junsdiction, powers and authority as, under the law in force immediately before the appointed day, are exercisable in respect of that part of the said territories by the High Court of Bombay.

Power to enrol advocates, etc.

31. (1) The High Court of Gujarat shall have the like powers to approve, admit, enrol, remove and suspend advocates and attorneys, and to make rules with respect to advocates and attorneys, as are, under the law in force immediately before the appointed day, exercisable by the High Court of Bombay.

(2) The right of audience in the High Court of Gujarat shall be regulated in accordance with the like principles as, immediately before the appointed day, are in force with respect to the right of audience in the High Court of Bombay:

Provided that, subject to any rule made or direction given by the High Court of Gujarat in exercise of the powers conferred by this section, any person who immediately before the appointed day is an advocate entitled to practise, or an attorney entitled to act, in the High Court of Bombay shall be recognised as an advocate or an attorney entitled to practise or to act, as the case may be, in the High Court of Gujarat.

Practice and

in Gujarat

32. Subject to the provisions of this Part, the law in force immediately before the appointed day with respect to practice and proce-High court. dure in the High Court of Bombay shall, with the necessary modifi-

cations, apply in relation to the High Court of Gujarat, and accordingly, the High Court of Gujarat shall have all such powers to make rules and orders with respect to practice end procedure as are immediately before the appointed day exercisable by the High court of Bombay:

Provided that any rules or orders which are in force immediately before the appointed day with respect to practice and procedure in the High Court of Bombay shall, until varied or revoked by rules or orders made by the High Court of Gujarat, apply with the necessary modifications in relation to practice and procedure in the High Court of Gujarat as if made by that Court.

Custody of 33. The law in force immediately before the appointed day with seal of Guja- respect to the custody of the seal of the High Court of Bombay shall, rat

with the necessary modifications, apply with respect to the custody Court. of the seal of the High Court of Gujarat.

Form of writs and other processes

34. The law in force immediately before the appointed day with respect to the form of writs and other processes used, issued or awarded by the High Court of Bombay shall, with the necessary modifications, apply with respect to the form of writs and other processes used, issued or awarded by the High Court of Gujarat.

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35. The law in force immediately before the appointed day relat-Powers of ing to the powers of the Chief Justice, single Judges and division J^{ud}g^{es}' courts of the High Court of Bombay and with respect to all matters ancillary to the exercise of those powers shall, with the necessary modifications, apply in relation to the High Court of Gujarat.

36. The law in force immediately before the appointed day $_{re}l_{a}t_{-}$ Procedure as to appeals ing to appeals to the Supreme Court from the High Court of Bombay to supreme and the Judges and division courts thereof shall, with the necessary Court modifications, apply in relation to the High Court of Gujarat.

37. (1) Except as hereinafter provided, the High Court at $\prod_{p=r}^{T} \prod_{i=1}^{r} a_{i} n_{s} \prod_{i=1}^{r} c_{i} c_{i}^{e}$ Bombay shall, as from the appointed clay, have no jurisdiction in from Bornrespect of the transferred territory.

bay High Court to

(2) Such proceedings pending in the High Court of Bombay High

immediately before the appointed day as are certified, whether before or after that day, by the Chief Justice of that High Court, having regard to the place of accrual of the cause of action and other circumstances, to be proceedings which ought to be heard and decided by the High Court of Gujarat shall, as soon as may be after such certification, be transferred to the High Court of Gujarat.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (I) and (2) of this section or in section 30, but save as hereinafter provided, the High Court at Bombay shall have, and the High Court of Gujarat shall not have, jurisdiction to entertain, hear or dispose of appeals, applications for leave io appeal to the Supreme Court, applications for review and other proceedings where any such proceedings seek any relief in respect of any order passed by the High Court of Bombay before the appointed day:

Provided that if after any such proceedings have been entertained by the High Court at Bombay, it appears to the Chief Justice of that High Court that they ought to be transferred to the High Court of Gujarat, he shall order that they shall be so transferred, and such proceedings shall thereupon be transferred accordingly.

(4) Any order made by the High Court of Bombay-

(a) before the appointed day, in any proceedings transferred to the High Court of Gujarat by virtue of sub-section (2), or

(b), in any proceedings with respect to which the High Court at Bombay retains jurisdiction by virtue of sub-section (3).

shall for all purposes have effect, not only as an order of the High Court at Bombay, but also as an order made by the High Court of Guiarat.

38. Any person, who, immediately before the appointed day, is Right **to** appear or an advocate entitled to practise, or an attorney entitled to act, in proceedings the High Court of Bombay and was authorised to appear or to act transferred. to Gujarat in any proceedings transferred from that High Court to the High High Court. Court of Gujarat under section 37, shall have the right to appear or

to act, as the case may be, in the High Court of Gujarat in relation to those proceedings.

(a) proceedings shall be deemed to be pending in a court until that court has disposed of all issues between the parties. including any issues with respect to the taxation of the costs of the proceedings and shall include appeals, applications for leave _ z. _to appeal to the Supreme Court, applications for review, peti-

tions for revision and petitions for writs;

(b) references to a High Court shall be construed as including references to a Judge or division court thereof, and references to an order made by a court or a Judge shall be construed as including references to a sentence, judgment or decree passed or made by that court or Judge.

Savings.

40. Nothing in this Part shall affect the application to the High Court of Gujarat of any provisions of the Constitution, and this Part shall have effect subject to any provision that may be made on or after the appointed day with respect to that High Court by any egislature or other authority having power to make

41. Without prejudice to the provisions of section 61 of the States Re organisation Act, 1956, such Judges of the High Court at Bombay, 37 of 1956. Bombay High Court be mg not less than three in number, as the Chief Justice may from High Court be mg not less than three in frameer, and at Nagpur. time to time nominate, shall sit at Nag, pur in order to exercise the jurisdiction and power for the time being vested in that High Court in respect of cases arising in the districts of Buldana, Akola, Amravati. Yeotmal, Wardha, Nagpur, Bhandara. Chanda and Rajura : Provieled that the Chief Justice may, in his discretion, ordei

that any case arising in any such district shall be heard at Bombay.

PART V

AUTHORISATION OF EXPENDITURE

42. The Governor of Bombay may, at any time before the appoint

den of ex-dittire of ed day, authorise such expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of Gujarat the State of Gujarat as he deems necessary for a period of not more

Interprets. tion.

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than six months beginning with the appointed day pending the sanction of such expenditure by the Legislature of the State of Gujarat:

Provided that the Governor of Gujarat may, after the appointed day, authorise such further expenditure as he deems necessary from the Consolidated Fund of the State of Gujarat for any period not extending beyond the said period of six months.

43. (1) The reports of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of Rtports India referred to in clause (2) of article 151 relating to the accounts ${}_{a}r e_{c} t_{c}a_{o}t_{u}i$ of the State of Bombay in respect of any period prior to the Bombay State. appointed day shall be submitted to the Governor of each of the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat who shall cause them to be laid before the Legislature of the State.

(2) The President may by order—

(a) declare any • expenditure incurred out of the Consolidated Fund of Bombay on any service in respect of any period prior to the appointed day during the financial year 1960-61 or in respect of any earlier financial year in excess of the amount granted for that service and for that year as disclosed in the reports referred to in sub-section (1) to have been duly authorised, and

(b) provide for any action to be taken on any matter arising out of the said reports.

44. The allowances and privileges of the Governor of GujaratA_i. II owances shall;- until provision in that behalf is made by Parliament by law ^{an}_{igy}, under clause, (3), of arti cle 158, be such as the President may, by Governor of Gujarat.

45. (1) Section 3 of the Union Duties of Excise (Distribution) Distribution 55 of 1957- Act, 1957, sections 3 and 5 of the Estate Duty and Tax on Railway of revenues. 57 Of 1957. Passenger Fares (Distribution) Act, 1957, section 4 of, and the Second

Schedule to, the Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Im-

5'3 of 1957. portance) Act, 1957. and paragraph 3 of the Constitution (Distribution of Revenues) No. 2 Order, 1957, shall have effect subject to such modifications as are specified in the Ninth Schedule.

(2) The total amount payable to the State of Maharashtra under the enactments and Order referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of the part of the financial year 1960-61 beginning with the appointed day and in respect of the financial year 1961-62 shall he reduced by a sum of 602 lakhs of rupees and 614 lakhs of :rupees, respectively and the total amount payable to the State of Gujarat, under those enactments and Order in. respect of each of those periods shall be correspondingly increased.

Bombay Reorganisation. PART V1

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APPORTIONMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Application of Part. 46. The provisions of this Part shall apply in relation to the apportionment of the assets and liabilities of the State of Bombay immediately before the appointed day.

Land and goods.

47. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this Part, all land and all stores, articles and other goods belonging to the State of Bombay shall,—

(a) if within the transferred territory, pads to the State of Gujarat; or

(b) in any other case, remain the property of the State of Maharashtra:

Provided that where the Central Government is of opinion that any goods or class of goods should be distributed otherwise than according to the situation of the goods, the Central Government may issue such directions as it thinks fit for a just' and equitable distribution of the goods and the goods shall remain the property of the State of Maharashtra or, as the case may be, pass to the State of Gujarat, accordingly-

(2) Any such stores of the State of Bombay as are referred to in the Tenth Schedule shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in the manner specified therein.

(3) in this section, the expression "land" includes immovable property of every kind and any rights in or over such property, and the expression "goods" does not include coins, bank notes and currency notes.

Treasury and bank balances. 48. The total of the cash balances in all treasuries of the State of Bombay and the credit balances of that State with the Reserve Bank of India, the State Bank of India and the State Bank of Saurashtra immediately baf ore the appointed day shell be divided bet-. ween the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat according to the population ratio:

Provided that for the purposes of such division, there shall be .no transfer of cash balances from any treasury to any other treasury and the apportionment shall be effected by adjusting the credit balances of the two States in the books of the Reserve Bank ofIndia on the appointed day:

Provided further that if the State of Gujarat has no account on the appointed daywith the Reserve Bank of India, the adjustment shall be made in such manner as the Central Government may, by order, direct.

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49. The right to recover arrears of any tax or duty on property, Arrears al including arrears of land revenue, shall belong to the State in which ^{taxes} the property is situated, and the right to recover arrears of any other tax or duty shall belong to the State in whose territories the place of assessment of that tax or duty is included on the appointed day:

Provided that any sum recovered after the appointed clay in respect of any arrears of tax accruing during the period between the 1st day of January, 1960, and the 30th day of April, 1960 (both 74 of 1956, days inclusive) under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, or the Born. Act LI Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1959, shall, after deducting the cost of of collection thereof, be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat according to the population ratio.

50. (/) The right of the State of Bombay to recover any loans Right to or advances made before the appointed day to any local body, arnedcover loans advasociety, agriculturist or other person in an area within that State flees. shall belong to the Statein which that area is included on that day.

(2) The right of the State of Bombay to recover any loans or advances made before the appointed day to any person or institution outside that State shall belong to the State of Maharashtra:

Provided that any sum recoverc, l in respect of any such loan or advance shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat according to the population ratio.

51. (1) Out of the investments of the State of Bombay made Credits is before the appointed day in the cash balance investment account $_{ii}^{er}_{ti} ^{t}S_s^{in}$ of the State, such securities of the value of ten crores of rupees, as the Central Government may by order specify, shall pass to the State of Gujarat in connection with the construction of a capital for that State; and the remaining investments in the said account shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat according to the population ratio.

(2) The investments of the State of Bombay immediately before the appointed day in the State Famine Relief Fund, the State Road Fund, the Fund for Development Schemes, the Insurance Fund, the Bombay State Milk Fund, the Securities Adjustment Reserve Fund and any other general fund and the sums at the credit of that State in the Central Road Fund shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat according to the population ratio.

(3) The investments of the State of Bombay immediately before the appointed day in the Dangs District Reserve Fund, the Port Reserve Fund, the Port Development Fund and the Anand Institute Fund shall pass to the State of Gujarat and the investments in any

other special fund the objects of which are confined to a loctal area shall belong to the State in which that area is included on the appointed day.

(4) The investments of the State of Bombay immediately before the appointed day in any private commercial or industrial undertaking, in so .far as such investments have not been made or are deemed not to have been made from the cash balance investment account, shall pass to the State in which the principal seat of business of the undertaking is located.

(5) Where any body corporate constituted under a Central Act, State Act or Provincial Act for the State of Bombay or any part thereof has, by virtue of the provisions of Part IL become an inter-State body corporate, the investments in, or loans or advances to, any such body corporate by the State of Bombay made before the appointed day shall, save as otherwise expressly provided by or under this Act, be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in the same proportion in which the assets of the body corporate are divided under the provisions of Part VII.

52. (1) Out of the investments in the cash balance investment account which remain with the State of Maharashtra after giving effect to the provisions of section 51, such securities of the value of 1,420 lakhs of rupees as the Central Government may by order specify shall stand transferred to the State of Gujarat.

(2) There shall be constituted in the State of Gujarat a Fund to be called the Special Revenue Reserve Fund consisting of the securities transferred to that State under sub-section (/) and such other securities belonging to the State of Gujarat of the value of 1,419 lakhs of rupees as the Central Government may by order specify.

(3) From and out of the fund constituted under sub-section (2), there shall be transferred as receipts in the revenue account of the State of Gujarat in each of the financial years specified in column 1 of the following Table a sum set out against that year in column 2 thereof, and in the financial year 1969-70, the balance, if any, remaining in that fund:—

TABLE

Financial year

(1) 1962-63

1963-64

Amount in lakhs of rupees. (2) 612 585

Special Revenue Reserve Fund in Gujarat.

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TABLE—contd.	
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Financial year	Amount in iakhs of rupees.
(1)	(2)
1964-65	561
1965-66	526
1966-67	433
1967-68	340
1968-69	209

53. (1) The assets and liabilities relating to any commercial or $ir_b^s t_{stian_{es}} cl_{oi}$ industrial undertaking of the State of Bombay shall pass to the State under-State in which the undertaking is located. takings.

(2) Where a depreciation reserve fund is maintained by the State of Bombay for any such commercial or industrial undertaking, the securities held in respect of investments made from that fund shall pass to the State in which the undertaking is located.

51. (1) The public debt of the State of Bombay attributable to Public debt. loans raised by the issue of Government securities and outstanding with the public immediately before the appointed day shall, as from that day, be the debt of the State of Maharashtra:

Provided that-

(a) the State of Gujarat shall be liable to pay to the State of Maharashtra its share of the sums due from time to time for the servicing and repayment of the debt; and

(b) for the purpose of determining the said share, the debt shall be deemed to be divided between the States of Maharashtra, and Gujarat as if it were a debt referred to in subsection (?) or sub-section (3), as the case may be.

(2) The public debt of the State of Bombay attributable to loans taken from the Central Government, the National Co-operative Development and Warehousing Board or the Khadi and Village Industries Commission or from any other source for the express Purpose of re-lending the same to a specific institution and outstanding immediately before the appointed day shall,—

(o') if re-lent to any local body, body corporate or other institution in any local area, he the debt of the State in which the local area is included on the appointed day; or

(b) if re-lent to the Bombay State Electricity Board. the Bombay State Road Transport Corporation, or the Bombay Housing Board or any other institution which becomes an inter-State institution on the appointed day, be divided between the 22—M of Law States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in the same proportion in which the assets of such body corporate or institution are divided under the provisions of Part VII.

(3) The remaining public debt of the State of Bombay attributable to loans taken from the Central Government, the Reserve Bank of India or any other body corporate and outstanding immediately before the appointed day shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in proportion to the total expenditure on all capital works and other capital outlays incurred or deemed to have been incurred up to the appointed day in the territories included respectively in each of those States:

Provided that for the purposes of such division, only the expenditure on assets for which capital accounts have been kept shall be taken into account.

Explanation.—Where any expenditure on capital works or other capital outlays cannot be allocated between the territories included in the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat, such expenditure shall, for the purposes of this sub-section, be deemed to have been incurred in those territories according to the population ratio.

14) Where a sinking fund or a depreciation fund is maintained by the State of Bombay for repayment of any loan raised by it, the securities held in respect of investments made from that fund shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in the same proportion in which the total public debt is divided between the two States under this section.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the fund in the public account of the State of Bombay known as the Debt Redemption and Avoidance Fund sball be deemed to be a sinking fund.

(5) The share of the State of Gujarat in the liability on account of public debt apportioned under sub-section (3) shall be reduced by 1,419 lakhs of rupees and the share of the State of Maharashtra in such liability shall be correspondingly increased.

(6) In this section, the expression "Government security" means a security created and issued by a State Government for the purpose of raising a public loan and having any of the forms specified in, or prescribed under, clause (2) of section 2 of the Public Debt

⁰¹⁻¹944' Act, 1944.

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to

55. (I) The liability of the State of Bombay in respect of any Float floating debt of a Merged State shall be the liability of the State in Debt' whose territories the area of the Merged State is included on the appointed day.

(2) The liability of the State of Bombay in respect of any other floating loan to provide short-term finance to any commercial undertaking shall be the liability of the State in whose territories the undertaking is located.

56. The liability of the State of Bombay to refund any tax or Refund of duty on property, including land revenue, collected in excess shall Laixfis, elleescs!" be the liability of the State in which the property is situated, and the liability of the State of Bombay to refund any other tax or duty collected in excess shall be the liability of the State in whose territories the place of assessment of that tax or duty is included:

Provided that the liability to refund any amount after the appointed day on account of any excess collected in respect of any tax accruing during the period between the 1st day of January, 1960, and the 30th day of April, 1960 (both days inclusive) under the 74 of 1956. Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 or the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1959, shall Born Act be shared between the two States of Maharashtra and Gujarat LI according to the population ratio.

57.. (1) The liability of the State of Bombay in respect of any Deposits civil deposit or local fund deposit shall, as from the appointed day, etc. be the liability of the State in whose area the deposit has been made.

(2) The liability of the State of Bombay in respect of any charitable or other endowment shall, as from the appointed day, be the liability of the State in whose area the institution entitled to the benefit of the endowment is located or of the State to which the objects of the endowment, under the terms thereof, are confined.

58. The liability of the State of Bombay in respect of the proprovident vident fund account of a Government servant in service on the fu"c. appointed day shall, as from that day, be the liability of the State to which that Government servant is permanently allotted.

59. The liability of the State of Bombay in respect of pensions Pensions. shall pass to, or be apportioned between, the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in accordance with the provisions contained in the Eleventh Schedule.

Contracts.

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60. (1) Where, before the appointed day, the State of Bombay thas made any contract in the exercise of its executive power for any purposes of the State, that contract shall be deemed to have been made in the exercise of the executive power,—

(a) if such purposes are, as from that day, exclusively purposes of either the State of Maharashtra or the State of Gujarat, of that State; and

(b) in any other case, of the State of Maharashtra;

and all rights and liabilities which have accrued, or may accrue, under any such contract shall, to the extent to which they would have been rights or liabilities of the State of Bombay, be rights or liabilities of the State of Maharashtra or the State of Gujarat, as the case may be:

Provided that in any such case as is referred to in clause (b), the initial allocation of rights and liabilities made by this sub-section shall be subject to such financial adjustment as may be agreed upon between the State of Maharashtra and the State of Gujarat or, in default of such agreement, as the Central Government may by order direct.

(2) For the purposes of this section, there shall be deemed to be included in the liabilities which have accrued or may accrue under any contract—

(a) any liability to satisfy an order or award made by any court or other tribunal in proceedings relating to the contract; and

(b) any liability in respect of expenses incurred in or in connection with any such proceedings.

(3) This section shall have effect subject to the other provisions of this Part relating to the apportionment of liabilities in respect of loans, guarantees and other financial obligations; and bank balances and securities shall, notwithstanding that they partake of the nature of contractual rights, be dealt with under those provisions.

Liability

61. Where, immediately before the appointed day, the State of respect of Bombay is subject to any liability in respect of any actionable wrong wrong.

other than breach of contract, that liability shall,-

(a) if the cause of action arose wholly within the territories which, as from that day, are the territories of the State of Maharashtra or the State of Gujarat be a liability of that State: and

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(b) in any other case, be initially a liability of the State of Maharashtra, but subject to such financial adjustment as may be agreed upon between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat or, in default of such agreement, as the Central Government may by order direct.

62. Where, immediately before the appointed day, the State of Liability Bombay is liable as guarantor in respect of any liability of a registered cooperative society or other person, that liability shall,—

(a) if the area of operations of such society or person is limited to the territories which, as from that day, are the territories of the State of Maharashtra or of the State of Gujarat, be a liability of that State; and

(b) in any other case, be initially a liability of the State of Maharashtra, subject to such financial adjustment as may be agreed upon between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat or, in default of such agreement, as the Central Government may by order direct.

63. If any item in suspense is ultimately found to affect an asset Items in or liability of the nature referred to in any of the foregoing $p_{suspense}$ sions of this Part, it shall be dealt with in accordance with that provision.

64. The benefit or burden of any asset or liability of the State of $R_{es}idu_{a}ry$ Bombay not dealt with in the foregoing provisions of this Part shall provisio1. pass to the State of Maharashtra in the first instance, subject to such financial adjustment as may be agreed upon between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat before the 1st day of April, 1961 or, in default of such agreement, as the Central Government may by order direct.

65. Where the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat agree that the Apportionbenefit or burden of any particular asset or liability should be $in_{as}e_{se}a_tl_{,of}$ or apportioned between them in a manner other than that provided liabilities by for in the foregoing provisions of this Part, then, notwithstanding agreement. anything contained therein, the benefit or burden of that asset or liability shall be apportioned in the manner agreed upon.

66. Where, by virtue of any of the provisions of this Part, any p_{ower} of the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat becomes entitled to any $Ce^{n}tr^{a1}$ Government property or obtains any benefits or becomes subject to any liabi- to order lity, and the Central Government, on a reference made within a allocation inf^{α}

period of three years from the appointed day by either of the States, in certain is of opinion that it is just and equitable that that property or those cases'

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(2) Any directions issued by the Central Government under sub-section (1) in respect of the Corporation shall include a direction that the said Act, in its application to the Corporation, shall have effect subject to such exceptions and modifications as may be specified in the direction.

(3) A general meeting of the Corporation shall be convened, in accordance with the rules to be made in this behalf by the Central Government, by the Board thereof before the 31st day of July. 1960, or within such further time -as the Central Government may allow, for the consideration of a scheme- for the reconstitution or reorganisation or dissolution, as the case may be, of the Corporation, including proposals regarding the formation of new corporations, and the transfer thereto of the assets, rights and liabilities of .the existing Corporation, and if such a scheme is approved at the general meeting by a resolution passed by a majority of the shareholders present and voting, the scheme shall be submitted to the Central Government for its sanction.

(4 :If the scheme is sanctioned by the Central Government either without modifications or with modifications which are approved at a general meeting, the Central Government shall certify the scheme, and upon such certification, the scheme shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any law for the time being in force, be binding on the corporations affected by the scheme as well as the shareholders and creditors thereof.

(5) If the scheme is not so approved or sanctioned, the Central Government may refer the scheme to such Judge of the High Court at Bombay as may be nominated in this behalf by the Chief Justice thereof, and the decision of the Judge in regard to the scheme shall be final and shall be binding on the corporations affected by the scheme as well as the shareholders and creditors thereof.

(6) Nothing in the preceding provisions of this section shall be construed as preventing the Government of the State of Gujarat from constituting, at any time on or after the appointed day, a State Financial Corporation for that State under the State Financial Corporations Act, 1951.

63 of 1951.

Amendment of Act 64 of T950.

71. In the Road Transport Corporations Act,

1950,—(1) in section 47A,—

(-1) for the words, letters and figures, "the whole or any part of a State in respect of which a Corporation was, immediately before the 1st day of November,

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1956," the words "or any other enactment relating to reorganisation of States, the whole or any part of a State in respect of which a Corporation was, immediately before the day on which the reorganisation takes place," shall be substituted;

(ii) in the *Explanation*, for clause (i), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

" (i) in reletion to the Bombay State Road Transport Corporation, shall mean the Government of the State of Maharashtra or of Gujarat as formed under the Bombay Reorganisation Act, 1960;";

(b) in sub-section (3), in clause (f), after the words and figures "the States Reorganisation Act, 1966", the words "or any other enactment relating to reorganisation of States" shall be inserted;

 $(^{2})$ after section 47A, the following section shall be insert ed, namely:—

72. (I) In the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926,-

(a), in section 4,—

"43, Notwithstanding anything contained in section Transit;onal 47A, it shall be lawful for the Government of the State of provision re-Bombay to frame a scheme under sub-section (/) thereof $B^{la_oti}a_{a}t_{y}^{\circ}$ and forward the same to the Central Government before state the 1st day of May, 1960, and in such a case, the power con- $pR_{o}o_{r}a_{t}cl_{r}r_{p}a$ $n_{o}s_{:}$ f erred on -the Central Government to make an order under ration. sub-section (2) thereof may be exercised before that day but no order so made shall take effect till that day."

38 of 1926.

Special pro-. vision for Bar Council of

(i) to sub-section (2), the following Explanation shall Gujar • be added, namely: —

"Explanation.—For the purpose of election to the Bar Council for the High Court of Gujarat, the period of ten years aforesaid shall be computed after taking into account the period for which the person concerned was entitled as of right to practise in the High Court of Bombay or of Saurashtra or in the Judicial Commissioner's Court of Kutch before the 1st day of May, 1960.";

(ii) for the proviso to sub-section (4), the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that the Advocates-General of West Bengal, Madras, Maharashtra and Gujarat shall be Chair-

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men ex-officio, respectively, of the Bar Councils constituted for the High Courts of those States.";

(b) after section 5, the following Section shall be inserted, namely: —

Ad hoc BarCouncil for . Gujarat High Court. "5A. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Chief Justice of the High Court of Gujarat shall nominate the members of the first Bat Council under this Act for the High Court of Gujarat and the members so nominated shall remain in office for a period of twelve months.".

(2) The assets and liabilities of the Bar. Council for the High Court of Bombay shall be divided between the Bar Councils for the High Court at Bombay and the High Court of Gujarat in such manner as may be agreed upon, and in default of such agreement, as may be directed by the Attorney-General for India.

Amendment 73. In the Multi-unit Co-operative Societies Act, 1942, after section of Act 6 5B, the following section shall be inserted, namely:— of 194z.

Transitional provision relating to certain m u l t i - u n i t cooperati societies, fo

"5C. (1) Where, in respect of any co-operative society specified in the Twelfth Schedule, which under the provisions of sub-section" (1) of section 5A becomes a multi-unit co-operative society, the Board of Directors unanimously adopts any scheme

for the reconstitution, reorganisation or dissolution of the society, including proposals for the formation of new co-operative societies and the transfer thereto of the assets and liabilities and employees of that society and the State GoVernment of 'Bombay certifies the scheme at any time before the 1st day of May, 1960, then notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of the said section or any other law, regulation or bye-law for the time being in. force in relation to that society, the scheme so certified shall be binding on all societies affected by the scheme, as well as the shareholders, creditors and employees of all such societies, subject to such financial adjustments as may be directed in this behalf under sub-section (3), but no such scheme shall be given effect to before the said day.

(2) When a scheme in respect of a co-operative society is so certified, the Central Registrar shall place the scheme at a meeting, held in such manner as may be prescribed by rules made under this Act, of all the persons vtrho, immediately before the date of certification of the scheme, were members of the society and the scheme may be approved by a resolution passed by a majority of the members present and voting at the said meeting.

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(3) If the scheme is not so approved or is approved with modifications, the Central Registrar may refer the scheme to such Judge of the High Court at Bombay as may be nominated in this behalf by the Chief Justice thereof and the Judge may direct such financial adjustments to be made among the societies affected as he deems necessary, and the scheme shall be deemed to be approved subject to those financial adjustments.

(4) If in consequence of the directions given under subsection (3), a society becomes liable to pay any sum of money, the State within whose area the society is located shall be liable as guarantor in respect of the payment of such money.".74. (I) Save as otherwise expressly provided by the foregoing General to

pro-

provisions of this Part, where any body corporate constituted under $v_{st}i_{sn}t_{7}t_{to}r_{y}$ a Central Act, State Act or Provincial Act for the State of Bombay corporations. or any part thereof has, by virtue of the provisions of Part II, become an inter-State body corporate, then, the body corporate shall, as from the appointed day, continue to function and operate in those areas in respect of which it was functioning and operating immediately before that day, subject to such directions as may from time to time be issued by the Central Government, until othet provision is made by law in respect of the said body corporate.

(2) Any directions issued by the Central Government under sub-section (1) in respect of any such body corporate shall include a direction that any law by which the said body corporate is governed shall, in its application to that body corporate, have effect subject to such exceptions and modifications as may be specified in the direction.

75. In the Miter-State Corporations Act, 1957, in the preamble, in¹

",;k1. ${}^{1}Z_{3s}{}^{iin}j_{f}$ section 2, in clause (f) of sub-section (2) of section 4 and in section ${}_{19}57$. 5, after the words and figure S "the States Reorganisation Act, 1956", wherever they occur, the words "or of any other enactment relating to reorganisation of States" shall be inserted.

76. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 63 of the Temporary4 of 1939. Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, a permit granted by the State Transport ptorovek, ointisnuas

Authority of Bombay or any Regional Transport Authority in thata_a ne State shall, if such permit was, immediately before the appointed tMeoxfist?negr-road transday, valid and effective in any area in the transferred territory, be port permits. deemed to continue to be valid and effective in that area after that day subject to the provisions of that Act as for the time being in force in that area; and it shall not be necessary for any such permit to be countersigned by the

port Authority of Gujarat or any Regional Transport Authority therein for the purpose of validating it for use in such area :

Provided that the Central Government may, after consultation with the State Governments of Maharashtra and Gujarat, add to, amend or vary the conditions attached to the permit by the Authority by which the permit was granted.

(2) No tolls, entrance fees or other charges of a like nature shall be levied after the appointed day in respect of any transport vehicle for its operations in the State of Gujarat under any such permit, if such vehicle was, immediately before that day, exempt from the payment of any such toll, entrance fees or other charges for its operations in the transferred territory:

Provided that the Central Government may, after consultation with the State Governments of Maharashtra and Gujarat, authorise -.the-levy of any such toll, entrance fees or other charges, as the case may be.

77. Where on account of the reorganisation of the State of Special pro-vision relating to Bombay under this Act, any body corporate constituted under a retrenchment Central Act, State Act or Provincial Act, any co-operative society tion in cer- registered under any law relating to co-operative societies or any tam n cases. commercial or industrial undertaking of that State is reconstituted or reorganised in any manner whatsoever or is amalgamated with any other body corporate, co-operative society or undertaking, or is dissolved, and in consequence of such reconstitution, reorganisation, amalgamation or dissolution, any workman employed by such body corporate or in any such co-operative society or undertaking, is transferred to, or re-employed by any other body corporate, or in any other co-operative society or undertaking, then notwithstanding anything contained in section 25F of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, such transfer or re-employment shall not entitle him to any 14 of 1947compensation under that section:

Provided that-

(a) the terms and conditions of service applicable to the workman after such transfer or re-employment are not less favourable to the workman than those applicable to him immediately before the transfer or re-employment;

(b) the employer in relation to the body corporate, the cooperative society or the undertaking where the workman is transferred or re-employed is, by agreement or otherwise, legally liable to pay to the workman, in ethe event of his retrenchment, compensation under section 25F of the Industrial

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Disputes Act, 1947, on the basis that his service has been continuous and has not been interrupted by the transfer or reemployment.

78. Where the assets, rights and liabilities of any body corporate Special procarrying on any business are, under the provisions of this Part, ivircioan in e^a st a^t. transferred to any other bodies corporate which after the transfer carry on the same business, the losses of profits or gains sustained by the body corporate first mentioned which, but for such transfer, would have been allowed to be carried forward and set off in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Indian Income-tax

it of 1922. Act, 1922, shall be apportioned amongst the transferee bodies corporate in accordance with the rules to be made by the Central Government in this behalf and, upon such apportionment, the share of loss allotted to each transferee body corporate shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the said Act, as if the transferee body corporate had itself sustained such loss in a business carried on by it in the years in which these losses were sustained.

> 79. (1) The Government of the State of Maharashtra or, as theContinuance case may be, the Government of the State of Gujarat shall, in respection facilitie certain of the institutions specified in the Thirteenth Schedule located in thatState institu-State, continue to provide facilities to the people of the other State^{tions. 4} which shall not, in any respect, be less favourable to such people than what were being provided to them before the appointed day, for such period and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the two State Governments before the 1st day of October; 1960, or, if no agreement is reached by the said date, as may be fixed by order of the Central Government,

(2) The Central Government may, at any time before the 1st day of October, 1960, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in the Thirteenth Schedule any other institution existing on the appointed day in the State of Maharashtra or of Gujarat, and on the issue of such notification, the Schedule shall be deemed to be amended by the inclusion of the said institution therein.

FART VIII

PROVISIONS ASTO SERVICES

80. (1) In this section, the expression "State cadre"-(a) in relation to the Indian Administrative Service, has the All-India

meaning assigned to it in the Indian Administrative Service Services. (Cadre) Rules, 1954, and

(b) in relation to the Indian Police Service, has the meaning assigned to it in the Indian Police Service (Cadre) Rules, 1954.

14 of 1941,

(2) In place of the cadres of the Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service existing in the State of Bombay imme. diately before the appointed day, there shall, as from that day, be two separate cadres, one for the State of Maharashtra, and the other for the State of Gujarat, in respect of each of these services.

(3) The initial strength and composition of each of the State cadres shall be such as the Central Government may by order determine before the appointed day.

(4) The members of each of the said services borne on those cadres for the State of Bombay immediately before the appointed day shall be allocated to the State cadres of the same service for each of the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in such manner and with effect from such date or dates as the Central; Government may, by order, specify.

- (5) Nothing in this section shall he deemed to affect the operation, after the appointed day, of the All-India Services Act, 1951, or the rules ⁶¹ of 1951.

de⁻thereunder in relation to the State cadres of the mid services constituted under sub-section (2) and in relation to the members of those services borne on the said cadres.

81. (1) Every person who, immediately before the appointed day,

relating other se

ces.

is serving in connection with the affairs of the State of Bombay shall, as from that day, provisionally continue to serve in connection with the affairs of the State of Maharashtra, unless he **is** required by

the affairs of the. State of Maharashtra, unless he **is** required, by general or special order of the Central Government, to serve provisionally in connection with the affairs of the State of Gujarat.

(2) As soon as may be after the appointed day, the Central Government shall, by general or special order, determine the State to which every person provisionally allotted to. the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat, shall be finally allotted for service and the date with effect from which such allotment shall take effect or be deemed to have taken effect.

(3) Every person who is finally allotted under the provisions of sub-section (2) to the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat shall, if he is not already serving therein, be made available for serving in that State from such date as may be agreed upon between the two State Governments or, in default of such agreement, as may be determined by the Central Government.

(4) The Central Government may by order establish one or more Advisory Committees for the purpose of assisting it in regard to—*(a)* the division and integration of the services among the States of

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(b) the ensuring of fair and equitable treatment to all persons affected by the provisions of this section and the proper consideration of any representations made by such persons.

(5) The foregoing provisions of this section shall not apply in relation to any person to whom the provisions of section 30 apply.

(6) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect, after the appointed day, the operation of the provisions of Chapter I of Part XIV of the Constitution in relation to the determination of the conditions of service of persons serving in connection with the affairs of

the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat:

Provided that the conditions of service applicable immediately before the appointed day to the case of any person provisionally or finally allotted to the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat under this section shall not be varied to his disadvantage except with the previous approval of the Central Government.

82. Every person who, immediately before the appointed day, is Provisions holding or discharging the duties of any post or office in connection as to continufnce nuance in with the affairs of the State of Bombay in any are? which on that day o falls within the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat shall continue to same post. hold the same post or office in that State and shall be deemed, as from that day, to have been duly appointed to the post or office by the Government of, or other appropriate authority in, that State:

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent a competent authority, after the appointed day, from passing, in relation to such person, any order affecting his continuance in such post or office.

83. The Central Government may give such directions to the State Pon f Governments of Maharashtra and Gujarat as may appear to it to be etnimit offor the purpose of giving effect to the foregoing provisions give rinec-of this Part and the State Government shall comply with such musdirections.

84. (1) The Public Service Commission for the State of Bombay Provisions as pt OuBbiOer shall, as from the appointed day, become the Public Service Commany

mission for the State of Maharashtra.

vice commission.

(2) The report of the Bombay Public Service Commission as to the work done by the Commission in respect of any period prior to the appointed day shall be presented under clause (2) of article 323 to the Governors of Maharashtra and Gujarat, and the Governor of Maharashtra shall, on receipt of such report, cause a copy thereof together with a memorandum explaining, as far as possible, as respects

[ACT 11

the cases, if any, where the advice of the Commission was not accepted, the reasons for such non-acceptance to be laid before the Legislature of the State of Maharashtra and it shall not be necessary to cause such report or any such memorandum to be laid before the Legislative Assembly of the State of Gujarat.

PART IX

LEGAL AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Amendment of article 371 of article 371 i_n of the Con-stitution. 85. As from the appointed day, in article 371 of the Constitution, clause (2)-

(a) for the words "the State of Bombay", the words "the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat" shall be substituted; and

(b) for the words "the rest of Maharashtra", the words "and the rest of Maharashtra or, as the case may be," shall be substituted.

Amendment of Act 37 of 1956.

86. In section 15 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956-

in clause (d), for the words "Bombay and Mysore", the (i) words "Gujarat and Maharashtra" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in clause (e), for the words "Madras and Kerala", the words "Madras, Mysore and Kerala" shall be substituted.

Territorial extent of laws.

Power to

87. The provisions of Part II shall not be deemed to have effected any change in the territories to which any law in force immediately before the appointed day extends or applies, and territorial references in any such law to the State of Bombay shall, until otherwise provided by a competent Legislature or other competent authority, be construed as meaning the territories within that State immediately before the appointed day.

88. For the purpose of facilitating the application in relation to the adapt laws. State of Maharashtra or Gujarat of any law made before the appointed day, the appropriate Government may, before the expiration of one year from that day, by order, make such adaptations and modifications of the law, whether by way of repeal or amendment, as may be necessary or expedient, and thereupon every such law shall have effect subject to the adaptations and modifications so made until altered, repealed or amended by a competent Legislature or other competent authority.

> Explanation.-In this section, the expression Puppropriate Government" means as respects any law relating to a matter enumerated in the Union List, the Central Government, and as respects any other law. the State Government.

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Bombay Reorganisation

89. Notwithstanding that no provision or insufficient provision has Power to been mude under section 88 for the adaptation of a law made before iraownst.tru the appointed day, any court, tribunal or authority, required or empowered to enforce such law may, for the purpose of facilitating its application in relation to the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat, construe the law in such manner, without affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper in regard to the matter before the court, tribunal or authority.

90. The Government of the State of Gujarat, as respects the trans- Power to natms e, etc., authro ferred territory may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify ri the authority, officer or person who, on or after the appointed day, for ezerots-shall be competent to exercise such functions exercisable under any 'f^{nug}nc^s]j^to^an^ms^t, orY law in force on that clay as may be mentioned in that notification and such law shall have effect accordingly.

91. Where immediately before the appointed day, the State of Legal pro= Bombay is a party to any legal proceedings with respect to any pro- ^{Ceechngs'} perty, rights or liabilities subject to apportionment between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat under this Act, the State of Maharashtra or Gujarat which succeeds to, or acquires a share in, that property or those rights or liabilities by virtue of any provision of this Act shall be deemed to be substituted for the State of Bombay as a party to those proceedings, and the proceedings may continue accordingly.

92. (1) Every proceeding pending immediately before the appoint-Transfer of ed day before a court (other than a High Court), tribunal, authority or officer in any area which on that day falls within the State of Maharashtra shall, if it is a proceeding relating exclusively to the transferred territory, stand transferred to the corresponding court, tribunal, authority or officer in the State of Gujarat.

- (2) If eny question arises as to whether any proceeding should stand transferred under sub-kction (1), it shall be referred to the High Court at Bombay and the decision of that High Court shall be final.-

(3) in this section

(a) "proceeding" includes any suit, case or appeal; and 226 NI. of Law.

(b) "corresponding court, tribunal, authority or officer" in the State of Gujarat means—

(i) the court, tribunal, authority or officer in which, or before whom, the proceeding would have lain if it had been instituted after the appointed day; or

(ii) in case of doubt, such court, tribunal, authority, or officer in that State, as may be determined after the appointed day by the Government of that State, or before the appointed day by the Government of Bombay, to be the corresponding court, tribunal, authority or officer.

Right of 93. Any person who, immedietely before the appointed day, is enpleaders to rolled as a pleader entitled to practise in eny subordinate courts in the practise in certain cases. State of Bombay shall, for a period of one year from that day, continue to be entitled to practise in those courts, notwithstanding that

the whole or any part of the territories within the jurisdiction of those courts has been transferred to the State of Gujarat.

Effect of provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anyprovision of the Act inconsistent with other laws.

Power to remove difficulties. 95. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act the President May, by order, do anything not inconsistent with such provisions which appears to him to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulties.

Power to 96. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official make rules. Gazette, make rules to give effect to the provisions of this Act.

(2) Every rule made under this section shall be laid as soon as may be after it is made before each House of Parliament while it is in session for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions, and if before the expiry of the session in which it is so leid or the session immediately following, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however that any such modifications or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

Bombay Reorganisation THE FIRST SCHEDULE

[See section 3(1) (h)]

TERRITORIES TRANSFERRED FROM THE STATE OF BOMBAY TO THE STATE OF GUJARAT

(Any reference in this Schedule to u census code number in relation to a village means the code number assigned to that village in the census of 1951.)

PART I

Umbergaon taluka of Thana District

0	
Name of <i>Village</i>	Census Code No.
*Urribergeton	1
Kalgaon	2
Kalai	8
Govad	4
Tad gaou	6
Debari	7
Nargol	8
Phansa (whole)	9
Mamakcvada	11
*Mariali	12
Saronda	13
Achhari	14
Angaon	15
Ahu	16
Eklahare	17
Kachigaon	18
Bhati Karambeli	19
Karambeli Pali	20
Karambele	

Bombay <i>Reorganisation</i> LAc	
Name of Village	Census Code No.
*Khattalwada	22
Ghimse Kakaria	23
Jamburi	24
Tembhi	25
Tumb	26
Dahad	27
Nahuli	28
PaIgaon	29
Pali	30
Punat	31
Borigaon Tarf Kachigaon	32
Borlai	33
Bhilad	34
Manda	35
Manikpur	36
Mohan	37
Vankas	38
Valvada	39
Shirgaon	40
Sanjan	41
&nal	42
Solsumba	43
Humran	44
Dehali	48
Talwada	49
Dhanoli	50
Nandgaon	51
Marav	52
Anklas	55

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OF 1960]	Bombay Reorganisation		37
Name of Vi	llage	Census Code No.	
Zaroli		67	
Nagvas		70	
NOTE: includes towns of the same name.			

PART IT

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West Khandesh District

Nawapur tabika

Nawapur <i>tabika</i> Name of Village	Census Code No.
Abhankuwa (Forest)	
Anandpur	2
Dabarghat	3
Bhadbunja	6
Bhint Bk.	I/
Blaint Khurd	12
Chacharbunde	18
Chadhavbunde (Forest)	
Chhapti	19
Chikhli (Forest)	
Dhaj	27
Haripur	35
Jamaki	33
Jamane	36
Kachali	39
Kamalapur	41
Kataswan	48
Khabade	50
Kokambe (Forest)	
Manikpur	68
Mirkot	70
Mogarbara (Forest)	72
Mograni (Forest)	
Nanchhal	75
Narayanpur	77
Nurabad	82
Pakhari	83

Bombay Reorganisation [AC	
Name of Village	Census CodeNo,
Parchuli	86
Pethapur	89
Sakerde (Digar)	94
Sase	96
Shelud	101
Sundarpur	106
Thuti	108
Uchhal	111
Vadadhe lcd.	115
Vadapatal	117
Zaranpada	123
Nandurbar ta	luka
Adede	2
Anturli	5
Arkunda (Forest)	
Bhilbhavali	19
Bhilj amboli	20
Borathe	25
Borde	23
Chinchode	28
Chorgaon (Deserted)	28A
Devhale	31
Dev Mogra-Gaibi Umber (Fo	orest village Coupe Nos. 1, 2 and 20 of felling series XX and Coupe Nos. 1 to 9 of felling series XXI).
Gamadi	39
Gujbarpur	43
Harduli (Digar)	44
Hatnoor (Digar)	46
Hingani (Digar)	48
Kavithe	63
Khairave Kd. T. Dhanore	65

Khodade

Os 1960]	Bom	bay Reorganisatton	
Nam	e of Village		Census Code No.
Ι	Kothali Budruk		77
I	Lakhmikhede		79
I	Lekurwali		80
1 1	Mubarakpur Nasarpur		86 o on tw
1	Newale		06
1	Nizar		99
I	Pimplod T. Nisa	r	108
1	Raigad		109
F	Ranikhadkale	(Deserted)	112A
S	Sarvale		115
S	Shale		119
S	Shelu		121
S	Sulvade		125
	Tapikhadkale		128
V	Vadali		136
V	/ake		143
V	/elnde		149
V	Vyawal		154

PART III

West Khandesh District

Akkalkuwa taluka

Name of Village	Census Code No.
Akkalkuwa	1
Budruk Anghat	6A
Barktura	15
Bhogwad Chatwad	23
Choti Korali	32
(Deserted)	35A
D a v a r i a m b a	37
Dogaripada	44
(G) Gangtha	50
ltwai	59

	Bombay Reorganisati	on [ACT 11
Name of Village	(Census Code No.
Javan-		_
Kenvada		
Kevadarnoi		•79
Khairpada		79
Khanore		85
Khokwad		91
Koktipada		94
Kolwan		95 -
Langadi		
Medhi		111
Nawagaon (G)		120 -
Nevadi (Aruba)		126
Palaswada		132
Pana		133 -
Parod		135
Parodi		136 -
Ratipada		138
Рітра	ripada	(R)
Ranipur		150
Ranjaniwad		152
Rundigavan	. –	156
Urnan		176
Umja		175
Umran,		
Vadgav	-	
Zapa,arnli		, 196
Ziribeda		
	Taloda taluka	·
Akkalutar		1
Amide Tarf Satone	2	6
Amode T. Taloda		
Asapur		10
Ashrave		11

OF 060]	Bombay Reorgantsatzon		41
Na	me of Village	Census Code No.	
	Ashte T. Budhawal	13	
	Bahurupe	14	
	Balade	16	
	Balambe	15	
	Be]		
	Bhamsal	21	
	Borikava		
	Chirmati	31	
	Chokhiamali	33	
	Fulwadi	90	
	Gadid	41	
	Gorase	44	
	Hatode	47	
	Hod.	48	
	Kelani	56	
	Kondaraj	64	
	Kukurmunde	65	
	Mohammadpur (Deserted)	70A	
	Matawal	73	
	Mendhpur	74	
	Module	77	
	Morambe	80	
	Nimbhore	84	
	Banibare	87	
	Pati	89	
	Pimplas	91	
	Pisawar		
	Rajnur	95	
	Ranaichl	08	
	Sadgaven	10€	
	Sable	108	
	Torande	120	
	Tulse	122	
	Ubhad	123	
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Census Code No.

126

128

129

131

Name of Village Untavad Varpade Vesgaon Zumkati

THE SECOND SCHEDULE (See section 7)

PART I

Maharashtra Members of the Council of States

Members whose term of office expires on the 2nd April, 1962

- 1. Shri P. N. Rajabhoj.
- 2. Dr. Waman Sheodas Barlingay.
- 3. Shri T. R. Deogirikar.
- 4. Shri G. R. Ku1karni.
- 5. Shri Dhairyashilrao Yeshwantrao Pawar.
- 6. Shri M. D. Tumpalliwar

Members whose term of office expires on the 2nd April, 1964.

- 7. Shri Babubhai M. China'.
- 8. Shri Ramrao Madhaorao Deshmukh.
- 9. Shri Bhaurao Dewaji Khobaragade.
- 10. Shri Sonusing Dhansin.g Patti.
- 11. Shri Lalji Pendse.
- 12. Shri Abid All.

PART II

Gujarat Members of the Council of States.

Members whose term of office expires on the 2nd April, 1962.

- 1. Shri Jadavji Keshavji Modi.
- 2. Professor Dr. Raghu Vira.
- 3. "Vacant"

Members whose term of office expires on the 2nd April, 1964,

- 4. Shri Rohit Manushankar Dave.
- 5. Shri Khandubhai K. Desai.
- 6. Shri Dahyabhai Vallabhbhai Patel.

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Bombay Reorganisation

THE THIRD SCHEDULE

(See section 11)

AMENDMENTS TO THE FIRST SCHEDULE TO THE DELIMITATION OF PARLIA-IVIENTARY AND ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES ORDER, 1956

(1) For the heading "4-BOMBAY", substitute "4-GUJARAT".

(2) In entry 111, after the word "Pardi", insert the word "Umbergaon" and for the words "Surat district", substitute the words "Surat district; and Dangs district".

(3) After entry 111, add the following Note:-

"Note.—Any reference in this Part to Broach, Surat or Dangs district or to Son.gadh or Umbergaon taluka of Surat district or to Sagbara taluka of Broach district shall be taken to mean the area comprised in that district or taluka, as the case may be, on the 1st day of May, 1960.".

(4) Immediately before entry 112, insert the heading "4 A-IVIAHARASHTRA".

(5) In entry 129, omit the words "Dangs district;".

(6) To the note after entry 148, add:—

"(3) Any reference in this Part to Thana or West Khandesh district or to Nawapur, Nandurbar, Akkalkuwa or Taloda taluka of West Khandesh district shall be taken to mean the area comprised in that district or taluka, as the case may be, on the lst day of May, 1960.".

(7) *bi* the Appendix—

(a) for the heading "II-Bombay", substitute "II-Gujarat"; and

(b) immediately before the sub-heading "KOLABA Distric, insert the heading "II-A MAHARASHTRA".

. THE FOURTH SCHEDULE

(See section 14)

AMENDMENTS TO THE SECOND SCHEDULE TO THE DELIMITATION OF PARLIAMENTARY AND ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES ORDER, 1950

(1) For the heading "4-BOMBAY", substitute "4-GUJARAT".

(2) In entry 103, for the words `Sa.rf,bara mahal", substitute "Sagbara taluka".

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(3) For the sub-heading "SURAT DISTRICT" appearing before entry 106, substitute the sub-heading "SURAT AND DANGS DISTRICTS".

(4) In entry 114, for the words "Bansda taluka;", substitute the words "Pangs district; Bansda taluka;".

(5) In entry 118, for the words "Pardi taluka" in coltunn 3, substitute the words "Pardi and Umbergaon talukas".

(6) After entry 118—

(a) add the following Note:-

"Notc.--Any reference in this Part to Broach, Surat or Pangs district or to Sagbara taluka of Broach district or to Songadh or Umbergaon taluka of Surat district shall be taken to mean the area comprised in that district or taluka, as the case may be, on the 1st day of May, 1960.";

• (h) after the said Note, insert an Appendix reproducing items (1) to (33) of the existing Appendix to Part 4 of the Order.

(7) Immediately before the sub-heading "GREATER BOMBAY DISTRICT", insert the heading "4-A MAHARASHTRA" to make all following entries, together with the Appendix and Annexure, a separate Part for the State of Maharashtra.

(8) Omit the asterisk mark before the sub-heading "GREATER BOMBAY DISTRICT" and foot-notes 1 and 2..

(9) In entry 143, for the words "Dahanu and Umbergaon talukas", substitute the words "Dahanu taluka".

(10) For the sub-heading immediately before entry 228, for the words "NASIK AND PANGS DISTRICTS", substitute "NASIK DISTRICT".

(11) In entry 230, for the words "Peint and Surgana mahals", substitute the words "Peint mahal".

(12) In entry 231, for the word "Dangs" in column 2, substitute the word "Kalwan" and for the words "Pangs district;" in column 3, substitute the words "Surgana mahal".

(13) In entry 238, for the entry n column 3, substitute "Sakri and Nandurbar talukas".

(14) In entry 239, for the entry in column 3, substitute "Nawapur laluka".

(15) For the Note appearing immediately after entry 339, substitute:—

"Note.-(1) Any reference in this Part to Thana or West Khandesh district or to Dahanu taluka of Thana district or to Nawapur, Nandurbar, A.kkalkuwa or Taloda taluka of West Khandesh district shall be taken to mean the area comprised in that district or taluka, as the case may be, on the 1st day of May, 1960.

(2) The names of the 77 census wards of Greater Bombay are set out in item (I) of the Appendix; and a fuller description of the Assembly constituencies Nos. 1 to 21 in terms of roads, streets and other thoroughfares and of villages is given in item (2) of the Appendix.

(3) The names of the villages in Banoti and Soegaon circles referred to in the Assembly constituencies Nos. 220 and 221, respectively, are set out in the Annexure to this Part.".

(16) Renumber entries 119 to 339 as entries 1 to 221 respectively, and the references in those entries to items (36) to (71) and (73) to (79) of the Appendix as (3) to (45) respectively.

(17) In the Appendix,—

(a) omit items (1) to (33) and the sub-headings thereof;

(b) renumber items (34) to (71) as items (1) to (38) respectively;

(*c*) omit item (72);

:(d) renumber items (73) to (79) as items (39) to (45) respectively; and

-(e) in item (2) as so renumbered, renumber the references to Assembly constituencies Nos. 119 to 139 as Nos. 1 to 21 respectively.

THE FIFTH SCHEDULE

(See Section 22)

AMENDMENTS TO THE DELIVITATION 9E COUNCIL CONSTITUENCIES (BOMBAY) ORDERs 1951.

(1) In paragraph 2, for the word "Bombay" substitute the wore "Maharashtra".

(2) In the Table, omit

(a) the entries relating to-

(i) Gujarat (Graduates) constituency;

(ii) Gujarat (Teachers) constituency;

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(iii) Saurashtra (Local Authorities) constituency;

(iv) Gujarat North (Local Authorities) constituency;

(v) Gujarat South (Local Authorities) constituency; and

(b) the word "Dangs" wherever it occurs in column 2.

(3) In the Table, in column 2,—

(c) against "Vidarbha (Local Authorities)" in column I, for "Bhandara and Chanda districts," substitute "Bhandara, Chanda and Rajura districts";

(b) against "Vidarbha (Teachers)" in column ⁻I, after "Chanda", insert "Rajura";

(d) against "Vidarbha (Local Authorities)" in column 1, for "Bhandara and Chanda districts," substitute "Bhandara, Chanda and -Rajura districts".

THE SIXTH SCHEDULE

[See section 23 (1)]

STITING MEMBERS WHOSHALL CEASE TO BE MEMBERS OF THE BOIVERAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

(i) Members representing any of the five Constituencies specified in item (2) (a) of the Fifth Schedule.
 (ii) The following members. elected by the *members

of the

Shri Dadoobhai Arnin.

2. Shri Chandrakant Chhotalal Mehta.

3. Shri Gulam Heider Walimohammed Moinin.

4. Shrimati Madinabai Akbarbhai Nagori.

5. Shrimati Bhanumatiben Manfial Parekh.

6. Shrimati Anasuya Chhotalal Shah.

7. Shrimati Jyotsnaben Bahusukhram Shukla.

THE SEVENTH SCHEDULE

(See section 26)

AMENDMENTS OF THE CONSTITUTION (SCHEDULED CASTES) ORDER, 1950

(I) For paragraph 4, substitute:--

"4. Any reference in this Order, except Parts IV and VII-A of the Schedule, to a State or to a district or other territorial

Horabag Reorganisation

division thereof, shall be construed as a reference to the State, district or other territorial division, constituted as from the 1st day of November, 1956; and any reference in Parts IV and VILA of the Schedule to a State or to a district or other territorial division thereof shall be construed as a reference to the State, district or other territorial division constituted as front the 1st day of May, 1960".

(2) For Part IV, substitute the following:-

"PART IV.—G7tjarat

1. Throughout the State *except* the Rajkot Division and the district of Kutch:---t⁻</sup>

1. Ager

- 2. Bakad or Bant
- Bhambi, Bhambhi, Asadaru, Asocli, Chamactia, Chamar, Chambhar, Chamgar, Haralayya, Harali, Khalpa, Machigar, Mochigar, Maths':, Madig, Telegu Mochi, Kamati Mochi, Ranigar, Rohidas, Rohit or Sansgar
- 41. Bhangi, Mehtar, Olgana, Rukhi, Malkana, Halalicher, Laibegi, Balmiki, Korar or Zadmalli
- 5. Chalvadi or Channayya
- 6. Chenna Dasar or Holaya Dasar
- 7. Dhor, Kakkayya or Kankayya
- 8. Garoda OT Garo

9. Halleer

- 10. Halsar, Haslar, Hulasvar or Halasvar
- 11. Holar or Valhar
- 12. Hoiaya or Hinter
- 13 Lingader
- 14. Mahar, Taral or Dhegu Megu
- 13. 1VIallyavanshi, Dhed, Vankar or Matt Vankar
- 16. Mang, Matang or Minimaclig
- 17. Mang-Garucli
- 18. IVIeghval or Menghvar
- 19. Mukri
- 20. Nadia or Hadi
- 21. Pasi
- 22. Shenva, Chenva, Sedma or It:
- 23. Tirgar or Tirbanda
- 24. Turi.

4gBombay Reorganisation[ACT ii2. In the district of Da_ngs and Umbergaon taluka of. Suratdistrict:—

Mochi.

- 3. In the Rajkot Division:-
 - 1. Bawa (Dedh) or Dedh-Sadhu
 - 2. Bhangi or Rukhi
 - 3. Chamadia
 - 4. Chamar, Nalia or Rohit
 - 5. Dangashia
 - 6. Garoda
 - 7. Garmatang
 - 8. Hadi
 - 9. Meghwal
 - 10. Senva
 - 11. Shemalia
 - 12. Thori
 - 13. Turi
 - 14. Turi-Barot or Dedh-Barot
 - 15. Vankar, Dhedh or Antyaj,
- 4. In the district of Kutch:-
 - 1. Bhangi
 - 2. Chamar
 - 3. Garoda
 - 4. Meghwal
 - 5. Turi
 - 6. Turi-Barot.
 - (3) After Part VII, insert the following: -

"PART VII-A.—Maharashtra

1. Throughout the State *except* the districts of Buldan.a, Akola, Amravati, Yeotmial, Wardha, Nagpur, Bhandara, Chanda, Aurangabad, Parbhani, Nanded, Bhir, Osmanabad and Rajura:—

- 1. Agar
- 2. Baked or Bant
- Bhainbi, Bhambhi, Asadaru, Asodi, Chamadia, Chamar, Chambhar, Chamgar, Haralayya, Harall, Khalpa, Machigar, Mochigar, Madar, Madig, Mochi, Telegu Mochi, Kamati Mochi, Ranigar, Rohidas, Raft or Samgar

- 4. Bhangi, Mehtar, Olgana, Rukhi, 1Vialkana, Halalkhor, Lalbegi, Balmiki, Korar or Zadmalli
- 5. Chaly'adi or Channayya
- 6. Cheima Dasar or Holaya Dasar
- 7. Dhor, Kakkayya or Kankayya
- 8. Garoda or Garo
- 9. Halleer
- 10. Halsar, Haslar, Hulasvar or Halasvar
- 11. Holar or Valhar
- 12. Holaya or Holer
- 13. Lingader
- 14. Mahar, Taral or Dhegu Megu
- 15. Mahyayanshi, Dhed, Vankar or Maru Vankar
- 16. Mang, Matang or Minimadig
- 17. Mang-Garudi
- 18. 1Vieghval or Menghvar
- 19. Mukri
- 20. Nadia or Hadi
- 21. Pasi
- 22. Shenva, Chenva, Sedrna or Ravat
- 23. Tirgar or Tirbanda
- 24. Turi.

. 2. In the districts of Buldana, Akola, Amravati, Yeotmal, Wardha, Nagpur, Bhanclara and Chanda:-

- 1. B Min or Bahana
- 2. Balahi vr Balai
- 3. Basor, Burud, Bensor or Bansodi
- 4. Chamar, Chamari, Mochi, Nona, Rohidas, Ramnami, Satnami, Surjabanshi or Surjyaramnami
- 5. Dora or Dumar
- 6. Dohor
- 7. Ganda or Candi
- 8. Ghasi or Ghasia
- 9. Kaikadi
- 10. Katia or Patharia

11, Khatik, Chikwa or Chikvi 226

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- 12, Madgi
- 13. Mahar or Meh:ra
- 14. Mang, Dankhni-Mang, Mang Mahashi, Mang-Garudi, Madari, Garudi or Radhe-Mang
- 15. Mehtar or Bhangi
- 16. Sansi.
- Bedar.
- 4. In the district of Bhandara:-
 - 1. Chadar
 - 2. Holiya.
- 5. In the districts of Bhandara and Buldana:----

Khangar, Kanera or Mirdha.

6. In the districts of Amravati, Bhandara and Buldana:----Kori.

7. In the districts of Aurangabad, Parbhani, Nanded, Rajura, Bhir and Osmanabad:-

- 1. Anamuk
- 2. Aray (Mal.a.)
- 3. Arwa Mala
- 4. Beda (Budga) Jangam
- 5. Bind1a
- 6. Byagara
- 7. Chalvadi
- 8. Chambhar
- 9. Dakkal (Dokkalwar)
- 10. Dhor
- 11. Ellamalwar (Ye11amma1awand1)
- 12. Holeya
- 13. Holeya Dasari
- 14. Kolupulvandlu
- 15. Madiga
- 16. Mahar
- 17. Mala
- 18. Mala Dasari
- 19. Main Hanriai

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- 20. Malajangam
- 21. Mala Masti
- 22. Mala Sale (Netkani)
- 23. Mala Sanyasi
- 24. Mang
- 25. Mang Garodi
- 26. Maine
- 27. Mashti
- 28. Mehtar
- 29. Mitha Ayyalvar
- 30. Mochi
- 31. Samagara
- 32. Sindhollu (Chindollu)".

THE EIGHTH SCHEDULE

(See section 27)

AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION (SCHEDULED TRIBES)

ORDER, 1956 (1) For paragraph 3, substitute:----

• "3. Any reference in this Order, except Parts IV and VILA Of the Schedule, to a State or to a district or other territorial divi--sion thereof shall be construed as a reference to the State, district or other territorial division, constituted as from the 1st day of November, 1956; and any reference in Parts IV and VILA of the Schedule to a State or to a district or other territorial division thereof shall be construed as a reference to the State, district or other territorial division, constituted as from the 1st day of May, 1960.".

(2) For Part IV, substitute the following: -

"PART IV.-Gujarat

1. Throughout the State except the Rajkot Division and the district of Kutch:-

1. Barda

2. Bavacha or Bamcha

- 3. Bhil, including Bhil Garasia, Dholi Bhil, Dungri Bhil, Dungri, Garasia, Mewasi Bhil, Rawal Bhil, Tadvi Bhil, Bhagalia, Bhilala, Pawra, Vasava and Vasave
 - 4. Chodhara
 - 5. Dhanka, including Tadvi, Tetaria and Valvi
 - 6. Dhodia
 - 7. Dubla, including Talavia or Halpati
 - 8. Gamit or Gamta or Gavit, including Mavehi, Padvi, Vasava, Vasave and Valvi
 - 9. Gond or Rajgond
 - 10. Kathodi or Katkari, including Dhor Kathodi or Dhor
 - Katkari and Son Kathodi or Son Katkari
 - 11. Kokna, Kokni, Kukna
 - 12. Koli, Dhor, Tokre Koli, Kolcha or Kolgha
- 13.- <u>Naikda</u> or Nayaka, including Cholivala Nayaka, Kapaditi. Nayaka, Mota Nayaka and Nana Nayaka
- 14. Pardhi, including Advichincher and Phanse Pardhi
- 15. Patella
- 16. Pomia
- 17. Rathawa
- 18. Varli
- 19. Vitolia, Kotwalia or Barodia.
- 2. In Dangs district, Kunbi.
- 3, In Surat District:—
 - (a) in Umbergaan taluka, Koli Malhar, Koli Mahadev ot Dongar Koli;
 - (b) in the other talukas, Chaudhri.
- 4. In the Rajkot Division, Sida.
- 5. in Nasses area in the forests of Alech, Gir and Barada:-
 - 1. Bharwad
 - 2. Charan
 - 3. Rabari.
- Padhar
- 7. In Kutch district:—
 - 1. Bhil
 - 2. Dhodia
 - 3. Koli

- 4. Paradhi
- 5. Vaghri.

(3) After Part VII, insert the following: -

"PART VII-A.--Maharashtra

1. Throughout the State except the districts of Buldana, Akala, Amravati, Yeotmal, Wardha, Nagpur, Bhandara, Chanda, Aurangabad, Parbhani, Nanded, Bhir, Osmanabad and Rajura:—

- 1. Barda
- 2. Bavache or Damcha
- 3. Bhil, including Bhil Garasia, Dholi Bhil, Dungri Bhil, Dungri Garasia, Mewesi Bhil, Rawal Bhil, Tadvi Bhil, Bhagalia, Bhilala, Pawra, Vosava and Vasave
- 4. Chodhara
- 5. Dhanka, including Tadvi, Tetaria and Valvi
- 6. Dhodia
- 7. Dubla, including Talavia or Halpati
- Gamit or Gamta or Gavit, including Maychi, Padvi, Vasava, Vasave and Valvi
- 9. Gond or Rajgon.d
- 10. Kolhodi or Katkari, including Dhor Kathodi or Dhor Katkari and Son Kathodi or Son Katkari
- 11. Kokna, KokM, Kulma
- 12. Koli Dhor, Tokre Koli, Kolcha or Kolgha
- 13. Naikda or Nayaka, including Cholivala Nayaka, Kapadia Nayaka, Mota Nayaka and Nona Nayaka
- 14. Pardlai, including Advichincher and Phanse Para]
- 15. Patella
- 16. Fonda
- 17. Rathawa
- 18. Varli
- 19, Vitolia, Kotwalia or Barodia.
- 2. In Thana district:-

Koli Malhar.

3. (a) In Ahmednagar district:-- l Akola, Rahuri and Sangamner talukas 1 Koli Mahadev (b) In Kolaba district:-- l or **r**

Karjat, Khalapur. Alibagh. Mahad and 1 Doregar Koli. Sudhagad taluleas. J

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(c) In Nasik district:— Nasik, Niphad, Sinnar, C Igatpuri, Dindori and Kalvar Surgana and Peint Mahals.		-
(d) In Poona district:— Arnbegaon, Junnar, Khed Mulshi talukas and Velhe Ma	, Mawal and or	Koli Mavadev Dongar
Thana, Murbad, Bhivandi Shahapur, Dahanu, Palghar, Mokhada talukas.	, Bassein, Wada,	Koli.
 4. (a) In Ahmednagar dist Akola, Rahuri and Sangar (b) In Kolaba district:— Karjat, Khalapur, Pen, Pa Sudhagad talukas and Mather (c) In Nasik district:— Igatpuri, Nasik and Sinna (d) In Poona district:— 	nner taluloas. – nvel and ran. ar balukas.	Thakur or Thakar including Ka Thakur, (Ka Thakar, Ma
(d) In Poona district:— Ambegaon, Junnar, Kh talukas.	ad and Marval	Thakur and Ma Thakar.
(e) In Thana district:— Thana, Kalyan, Murbad, sein, Wada, Shahapur, Palgho Mokhada talukas.		

5. In (1) Melghat tahsil of Amravati district, (2) Gadchiroli and Sironcha tahsils of the Chanda district, (3) Kelapur, Wani and Yeot-mal tahsils of the Yeotmal district:—

1. Andh

2. Baiga

3. 13haina

^{4.} Bharia-Bhumia or Bhuinhar-Bhumia including Pancle.

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5. Bhattra G. Bhil

7. Bhunjia 8. Binjhwar 9. Birhul or Birhor 10. Dhanwar 11. Gadaba or Gadlye 12. Gond, including-Arakb or Arrakh Agaria Asur Badi Maria or Bada Maria Bhatola Bhimma Bhuta, Koilabhuta or Koilabhuti Bhar Bisonhorn Maria Chota Maria Dandami Maria Dhuru or Dhurwa Dhoba Dhulia Dorla Gaiki Gatta or Gatti Guita Gond Gowari Hill Maria Kandra Kalanga Khatola Koitar Koya Khirwar or Khirwara Kucha Maria Kuchaki Maria Madits (Maria)

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"Niana Mannewer Moghya or Mogia or Monghya Mudia (Muria) Nagarchi Nagwanshi Ojha Raj Sonjhari Jhareka nate or Thotya Wade Maria or Vacle Maria 13. Halba or Halbi 14 Kamar Kawar, Kanwar, Kaur, Cheri, va, Rathia Tanwat or Chatti 16 Khairwar 17. Kharia 13. Kondh or Khond or Kandh 19. Kol 20. Kolam 21. Korku, including Bopchi, Mouasi, Nihal or Nahul and Bondhi or Bondeya 22. Korwa, including Kodaku 23. Majhwar 24. Munda

- 25. Nagesia or Nagasia
- 26. Nihal
- 27. Oraon, including Dhanka and Dhangad
- 28. Pardhan, Pathari and Saroti
- 29. Pardhi, including Bahelia or Bahellia, Chita Pardhi, Langoli Pardhi, Phans Pardhi, Shikari, Takankar and Takia
- 30. Parja
- 31. Saonta or Saunta
- 32. Sawar or Sawara.

6. In the districts of Aurangabad, Parbhani, Nanded, Rajura, Bhir and Osmanabad $:\!-\!\!-$

1. Andh

2. Bhil

3, Gond (including Naikpod and Rajgond)

- 4. Kolam (including Mannervariu)
- 5. Koya (including Bhine Koya and Rajkoya)
- 6. Pardhan
- 7. Thoti.

TITF, NINTH SCHEDULE

[See section 45 (1)]

I--MODIFIED FORM OF SECTION 3 OF THE UNION DUTIES 0 XdISE (DISTRIBUTION) ACT, 1957

(/) Section 3 of the Union Duties of Excise (Distribution) Act, 1957, shall, as from the 1st day of May, 1960, have effect subject to the following modifications, namely:—

In the Table below section 3, for the entry relating to Bombay, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:---

"Maharashtra	807
Gujarat	4. 10".

(2) For the purposes of calculating the amount payable under section 3 to Bombay in the first month of the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1960, and to Maharashtra and Gujarat during the remaining eleven months of that financial year, the distributable Union duties of excise shall be deemed to be onetwelfth and eleven-twelfths, respectively, of the distributable Union duties of excise for that financial year.

11—MODIFIED FORM OF SECTIONS 3 AND 5 OF THE ESTATE DUTY AND TAX ON RAILWAY PASSENGER FARES (DISTRIBUTION) ACT, 1957

A--Distribution of estate ditty

(I) Section 3 of the Estate Duty and Tax on Railway Passenger Fares (Distribution) Act, 1957, shall, as from the 1st day of May, 1960, have effect subject to the following modifications, namely:—

In clause (b) of sub-section (2), for the entry relating to Bombay, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

"Maharashtra Gujarat 3·97 4.55".

(2) For the purposes of calculating the amount payable under sub-section (I) of section 3 to Bombay in the first month of the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1960, and to 226 M. of Law.

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B—*Distribution of tax* on railway *passenger fares*

(1) Section 5 of the Estate Duty and Tax on Railway Passenger Fares (Distribution) Act, 1957, shall, as from the 1st day of May, 1960, have effect subject to the following modifications, namely:-

For the entry relating to Bombay, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:-

"Maharashtra	10-80
Gujarat	5-48".

(2) For the purposes of calculating the amount payable under section in the first month of the financial year Inencmg on the 1st day of April, 1960, and to Maharashtra and Gujarat during the remaining eleven months of that financial year, the net proceeds of the tax on railway passenger fares shall be __deemed to be one-twelfth and eleven-twelfths, respectively, of the net proceeds of such tax for that financial year.

HI-MODIFIED FORM OF THE SECOND SCHEDULE TO THE ADDITIONAL DUTIES OF EXCISE (GOODS OF SPECIAL IMPORTANCE) Act, 1957

A—Distribution of additional duties on sugar

(1) In the Second Schedule, the .Table at the end of Part I shall, as from the 1st day of May, 1960, have effect subject to the follow; ing modifications, namely:-

For the entry relating to Bombay, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:-

•	"Maharashtra	8-07	162	13 37
	Gujarat	4-10	83	680".

(2) For the purposes of calculating the amount paykable under Part I of the Second Schedule to Bombay in the first month of the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1960, and to Maharashtra and Gujarat during the remaining eleven months of that financial year, the net proceeds of the additional duties in respect of sugar shall be deemed to be one-twelfth and eleven-twelfths, respectively, of the net proceeds of such duties for that financial year; and in respect of that financial year, the sums specified in the third column of the Table shall be deemed to have been replaced by 20

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for the first month in relation to Bombay and by 149 for the remaining eleven months in relation to Maharashtra and by 76 in relation to Gujarat.

B—Distribution of additional duties on tobacco

(/) In the Second Schedule, the Table below paragraph 4 shall, as from the 1st day of May, 1960, have effect subject to the following modifications, namely:—

For the entries relating to Bombay, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

"Maharashtra	807	76	11.54
Gujarat	410	39	5•87".

(2) For the purposes of calculating the amount payable under paragraph 4 to Bombay in the first month of the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1960, and to Maharashtra and Gujarat during the remaining eleven months of that financial year, the net proceeds of the additional duties on tobacco shall be deemed to be one-twelfth and eleven-twelfths, respectively, of the net proceeds of such duties for that financial year; and in respect of that financial year, the sums specified in the third column of the Table shall be deemed to have been replaced by 10 for the first month in relation to Bombay and by 70 for the remaining eleven months in relation to Maharashtra, and by 35 in relation to Gujarat.

C—Distribution of additional duties on textiles

(/) In the Second Schedule, the Table at the end of Part III shall, as from the 1st day of May, 1960, have effect subject to the following modifications, namely:—

For the entry relating to Bombay, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

"Maharashtra	308	10 [.] 91
Gujarat	202	5'55".

(2) For the purposes of calculating the amount payable under Part III of the Second Schedule to Bombay in the first month of the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1960, and to Maharashtra and Gujarat during the remaining eleven months of that financial year, the net proceeds of the additional duties in respect of cotton fabrics, rayon or artificial silk fabrics and woollen fabrics shall be deemed to be one-twelfth and eleven-twelfths, respectively, of the net proceeds of such duties for that financial year; and in respect of that financial year the sums specified in the second column of the

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Table shall be deemed to have been replaced by 50 for the first month in relation to Bombay and by 365 for the remaining eleven months in relation to Maharashtra, and by 185 in relation to Gujarat.

IV—MODIFIED FORM OF PARAGRAPH 3 OF THE CONS11 tJTION (DISTFUBU-Tion OF REVENUES) No. 2 ORDER, 1957.

(1) Paragraph 3 of the Constitution (Distribution of Revenues) No. 2 Order, 1957, shall, as from the 1st day of May, 1960, have effect subject to the following modifications, namely:—

In the Table at the end of paragraph 3, for the entry relating to Bombay, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

"Maharashtra	10.59
Gujarat	518".

(2) For the purposes of calculating the amount payable under paragraph 3 to Bombay in the first month of the financial year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1960, and to Maharashtra and Gujarat during the remaining eleven months of that financial year, the net proceeds of taxes on income shall be deemed to be onetwelfth and eleven-twelfths, respectively, of the net proceeds of taxes on income for that financial year.

THE TENTH SCHEDULE

[See section 47(2)]

1. Stores held for specific purposes such as for *use* or utilisation in particular institutions, workshops or undertakings or on particular works under construction shall pass to the State in which such institutions, workshops, undertakings or works are located on the appointed day.

2. Stores relating to Sachivalaya and offices of Heads of Departments having, immediately before the appointed day, jurisdiction over the whole of the State of Bombay shall remain the property of the State of Maharashtra:

Provided that typewriters, duplicators, clocks and vehicles shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat according to the population ratio.

3. All other unissued stores, pooled stores, and stores purchased on or after the 1st July, 1959, of any class shall be divided between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in proportion to the total stores of that class purchased in the period of three years ending with the 31st March, 1960 for the territories included respectively in

each of those States:

on 1960]

Provided that where such proportion cannot be ascertained in respect of any class of stores or where the value of any class of such stores does not exceed Rs. 10,000, that class of stores shall be divided between the two States according to the population ratio.

THE ELEVENTH SCHEDULE

(See section 59)

APPORTIONMENT OF LIABILITY IN RESPECT OF PENSIONS

1. Subject to the adjustments mentioned in paragraph 3, each of the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat shall, in respect of pensions granted by the State of Bombay before the appointed day, pay the pensions drawn in its treasuries.

2. Subject to the said adjustments, the liability in respect of pensions of officers serving in connection with the affairs of the State of Bombay who retire or proceed on leave preparatory to retirement before the appointed day, but whose claims for pensions are outstanding immediately before that day, shall be the liability of the State of Maharashtra.

3. There shall be computed in respect of the part of the financial year commencing on the appointed day and in respect of each subsequent financial year, the total payments made in each of the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in respect of pensions referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2; that total, representing the liability of the State of Bombay in respect of pensions, shall be apportioned bet-ween the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in the population ratio, and the State paying more than its due share shall be reimbursed the excess amount by the other State.

4. (1) The liability in respect of the pension of any officer serving immediately before the appointed clay in connection with the affairs of the State of Bombay and retiring on or after that day, shall be that of the State which grants him the pension; but the portion of the pension attributable to the service of any such officer before the appointed day in connection with th affairs of the State of Bombay shall be allocated between the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat in the population ratio, and the Government which grants the pension shall be entitled to receive from the other Government its share of this liability.

(2) If any such officer was serving after the appointed day for some period in connection with the affairs of the State of Maharashtra and for some period in connection with the affairs of the

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State of Gujarat, the Government bther than the one granting the pension shall reimburse to the Government by which the pension is granted on amount which bears to the portion of the pension attributable to his service after the appointed day the same ratio as the period of his qualifying service after the appointed day under the reimbursing State bears to the total qualifying service after the appointed day reckoned for the purposes of pension.

5. Any reference in this Schedule to 4a pension shall be construed as including a reference to the commuted value of the pension.

THE TWELFTH SCHEDULE

(See section 73)

- 1. The Bombay State Cooperative Bank Limited.
- 2. The Bombay State Cooperative and Mortgage Bank Limited.
- 3. The Bombay State Cooperative Housing Finance Society.
- 4, The Bombay State Industrital Cooperative Association.
- 5. The Bombay State Cooperative Union.

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6. Mumbai Rajya Sahakari Karkhana Sangh.

THE THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE

(See section 79)

- 1. J. J. College of Architecture, Bombay.
- 2, J. J. Institute of Applied Art, Bombay.
- 3. School of Printing Technology, Bombay.
- 4. Government Tanning Institute, Bombay.
- 5. Government Leather Working School, Bombay.
- 6. Veterinary College, Bombay.
- 7. R A. Podar Medical College (Ayurvedic), Bombay.
- 8. C. E. M. Dental College, Bombay.
- 9. Haffkine Institute, Bombay.
- 10. Forensic Science Laboratory and Chemical Analysers Department, Bombay.
- 11. State Fire School, Ghatkopar, Bombay.
- 12. Secretariat Record Office, Bombay.
- 13. Mathematical Instruments Depot and Workshop, Bombay.