MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

NEW DELHI, 11th March 1960

Section 61(2) of the Constitution provides that the Constitution shall be the fundamental law of the land. It also provides that the law of the Constitution shall be the supreme law of the land, and that all laws made by the Parliament and the States shall be subject to the provisions of the Constitution and shall be in conformity therewith. The Constitution also provides that the President, in the exercise of his powers, shall, subject to the provisions of the Constitution, be the Supreme Authority of the Union.

[No. F. 2/460- J. 31.7.31]

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

NEW DELHI, 19th April 1960

So 167. In pursuance of the provisions of article 239 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the Bekesha Law of March 1960 and the Chief Commissioner of Bekesha Law of March 1960 shall be deemed to be in force in the Bekesha Law and shall be subject to the provisions of the Bekesha Law.

[No. F. 2/460-J. 21.3.31]

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

NEW DELHI, 6th May 1960

So 1246. In pursuance of clause (b) of article 239 of the Constitution, the President hereby directs that the Bekesha Law shall be subject to the provisions of the Bekesha Law and shall be deemed to be in force in the Bekesha Law and shall be subject to the provisions of the Bekesha Law, and shall be deemed to be in force in the Bekesha Law and shall be subject to the provisions of the Bekesha Law.

[No. F. 2/676-J. 31.5.67]